

# UNDER PRESSURE

CHIP a koronární kalcifikace

Vojtěch Novotný



Chippin' around,  
kick my brains 'round the floor



# CHIP



**C**omplex

**H**igh Risk

&

**I**ndicated

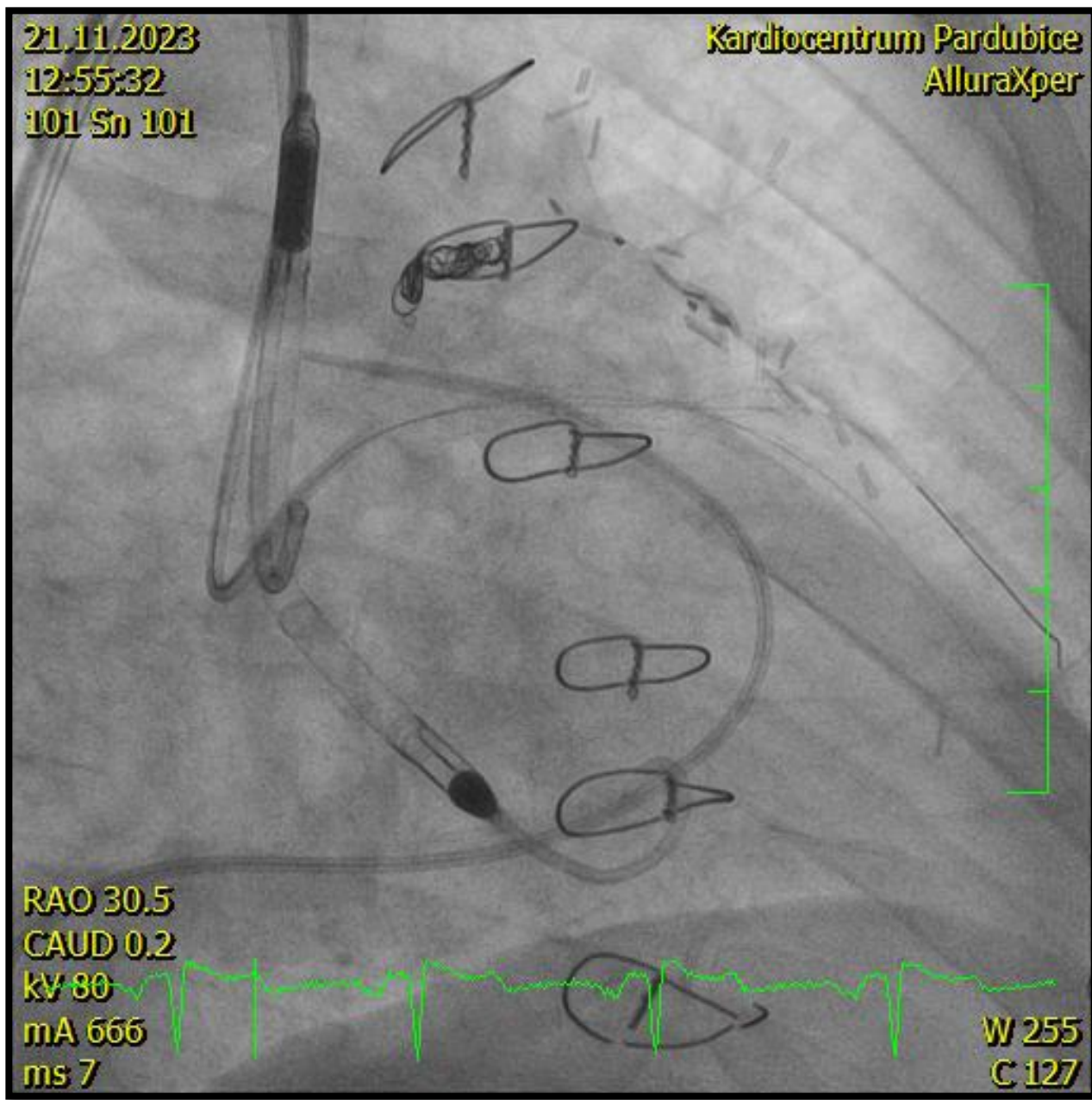
**P**CI





21.11.2023  
12:55:32  
101 Sn 101

Kardiocentrum Pardubice  
AlluraXper



RAO 30.5  
CAUD 0.2  
KV 80  
mA 666  
ms 7

W 255  
C 127

## Komplexní PCI

- CTO
- distální kmen
- MVD
- kalcium
- dlouhé léze
- difuzní postižení
- bifurkace
- postCABG



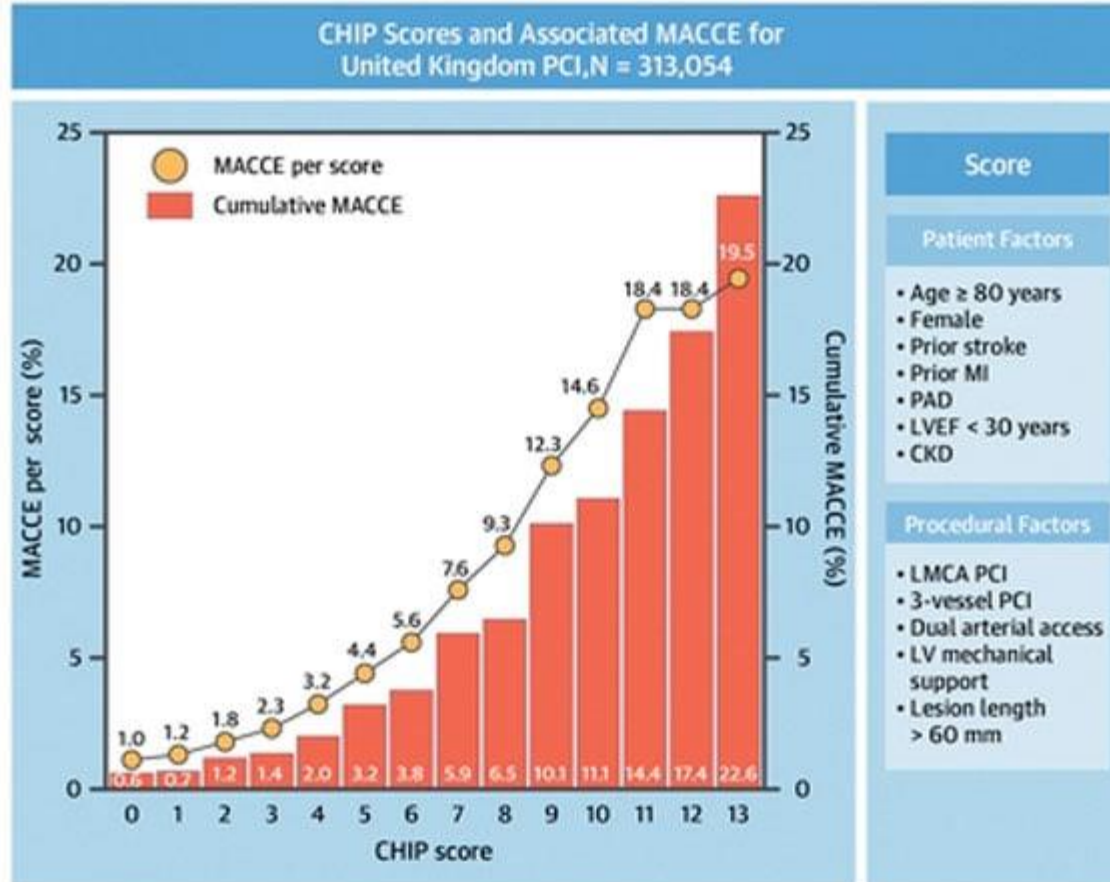
## Rizikový pacient

- věk
- křehkost
- riziko krvácení
- kontraindikace KCH
- komorbidity (CKD, DM)

## Hemodynamický stav

- akutní koronární syndrom
- srdeční selhání
- kardiogenní šok
- arytmie
- chlopenní vady

**CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: In-Hospital Major Adverse Cardiac or Cerebrovascular Events**



Protty, M. et al. J Am Coll Cardiol Interv. 2022;15(1):39-49.

Průměrné CHIP score (2006-2016)

**1,06 → 1,58**

CHIP score ≥ 5 (2006-2016)

**2,5 % → 5,3 %**

Nemocniční MACCE

CHIP score = 0 **0,6 %**

CHIP score > 0 **1,2 %**

exponenciální nárůst

Kumulativní MACCE

CHIP score ≥ 4 **3,2 %**

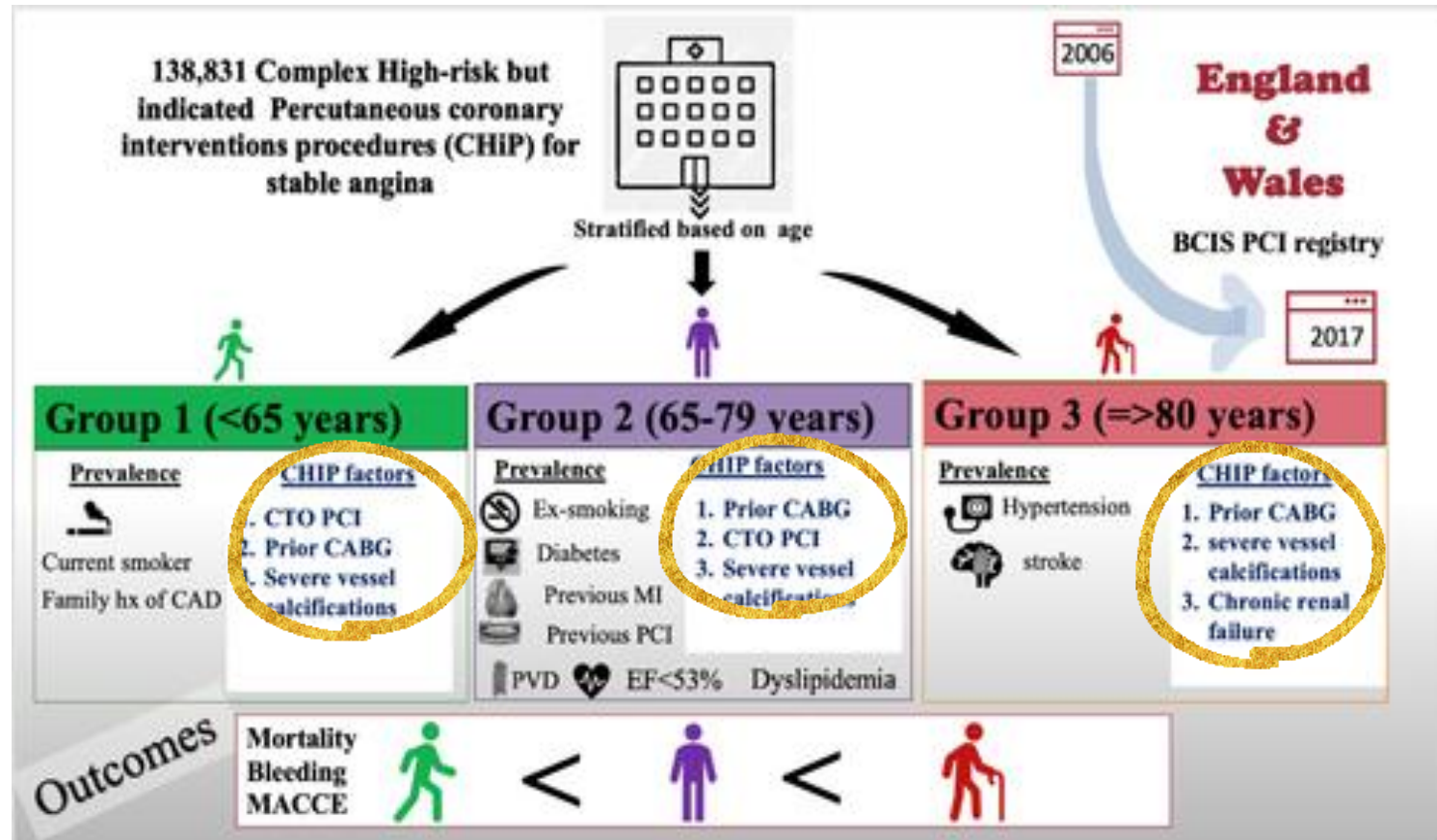
CHIP score ≥ 5 **4,4 %**

...



- EF LK  $\leq$  30%
- po CABG
- kreatinin  $\geq$  200 $\mu$ mol/l

- kmen
- CTO
- Ca – rota, IVL, cutting
- MCS



Warkaa Shamkhani et al. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2022; 79:855-855.



**JACC**  
JOURNAL OF THE AMERICAN COLLEGE OF CARDIOLOGY



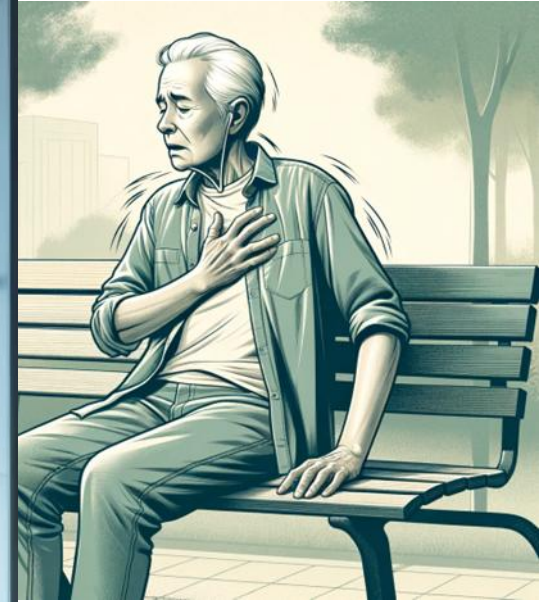


AMERICAN  
COLLEGE  
CARDIOLOGY



ESC

European Society  
of Cardiology



DO NOT  
TOUCH



**TABLE 1. CHIP OPERATOR PROFICIENCIES AND TOOLBOX**

Arterial access	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Large-bore sheaths</li> <li>• Radial access</li> <li>• Bilateral femoral access</li> <li>• Advanced techniques (percutaneous axillary/transcaval)</li> </ul>
CTO	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Antegrade wire escalation</li> <li>• Antegrade dissection reentry</li> <li>• Retrograde</li> </ul>
Left main	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• One-stent/provisional strategies</li> <li>• Two-stent techniques (double-kissing crush/culotte)</li> </ul>
Advanced imaging	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proficiency with IVUS/OCT</li> </ul>
Calcific disease	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rotational atherectomy/orbital atherectomy</li> </ul>
Hemodynamic support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Impella 2.5/CP for protected PCI treatment of cardiogenic shock</li> <li>• Intra-aortic balloon counterpulsation</li> <li>• Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation</li> </ul>
Complication management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coronary perforation management techniques (covered stents, coils, embolization)</li> <li>• Access site complications (peripheral skills/covered stent deployment)</li> <li>• Repair of coronary dissection</li> <li>• Emergency pericardiocentesis</li> </ul>

### Essentials for a CHIP Program

A comprehensive CHIP program requires a true heart team approach, specialized operator skills and training, and institutional support and resources.

*By Justin Levisay, MD*





- tzv. „surgical turndown“
- vysoce riziková populace
- málo dat
- studie OPTIMUM

726 pacientů  
(MVD či kmen)

celková mortalita  
5,6% po 30 dnech  
12,3% po 6 měsících

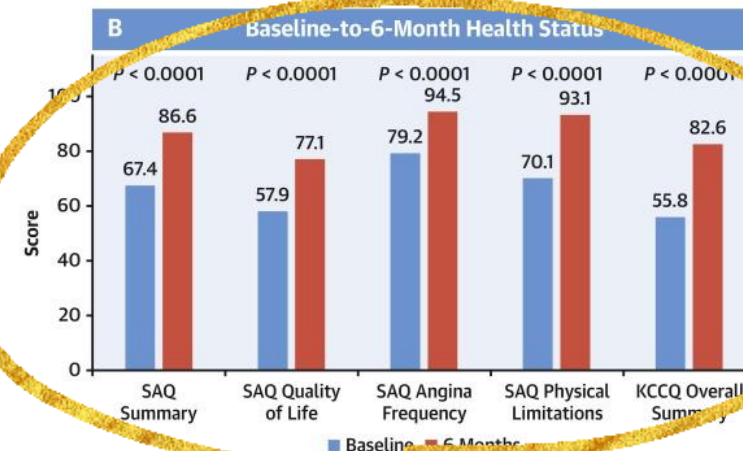
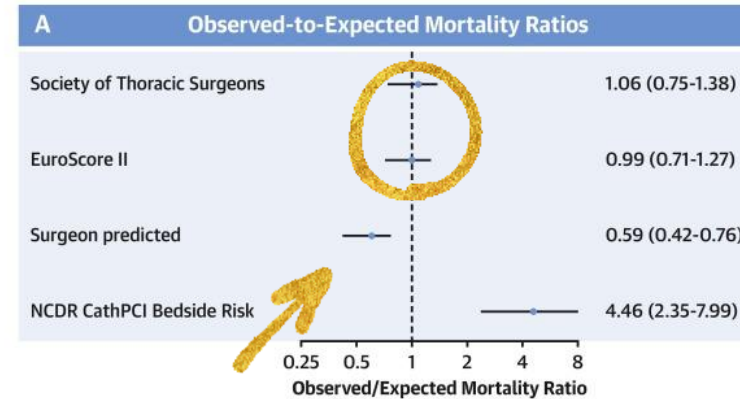
## Outcomes of Medical Therapy Plus PCI for Multivessel or Left Main CAD Ineligible for Surgery

Adam C. Salisbury MD, MSc<sup>a, b</sup>, J. Aaron Grantham MD<sup>a, b</sup>, W. Morris Brown MD<sup>c</sup>,  
William L. Ballard MD<sup>c</sup>, Keith B. Allen MD<sup>a, b</sup>, Ajay J. Kirtane MD, SM<sup>d</sup>, Michael Argenziano MD<sup>d</sup>,  
Robert W. Yeh MD, MSc<sup>e</sup>, Kamal Khabbaz MD<sup>e</sup>, John Lasala MD<sup>f</sup>, Puja Kachroo MD<sup>f</sup>,  
Dimitri Karpaliotis MD<sup>d</sup>, Jeffrey Moses MD<sup>d</sup>, William L. Lombardi MD<sup>g</sup>, Karen Nugent RRT<sup>a</sup>,  
Ziad Ali MD<sup>d</sup>, Kensey L. Gosch MS<sup>a</sup>, John A. Spertus MD, MPH<sup>a, b</sup>, David E. Kandzari MD<sup>c</sup>,  
OPTIMUM Investigators



### CENTRAL ILLUSTRATION: Study Overview and Main Results

#### PCI Outcomes and Mortality Risk Scores for Surgically Ineligible Patients With Left Main or Multivessel CAD (N = 726)

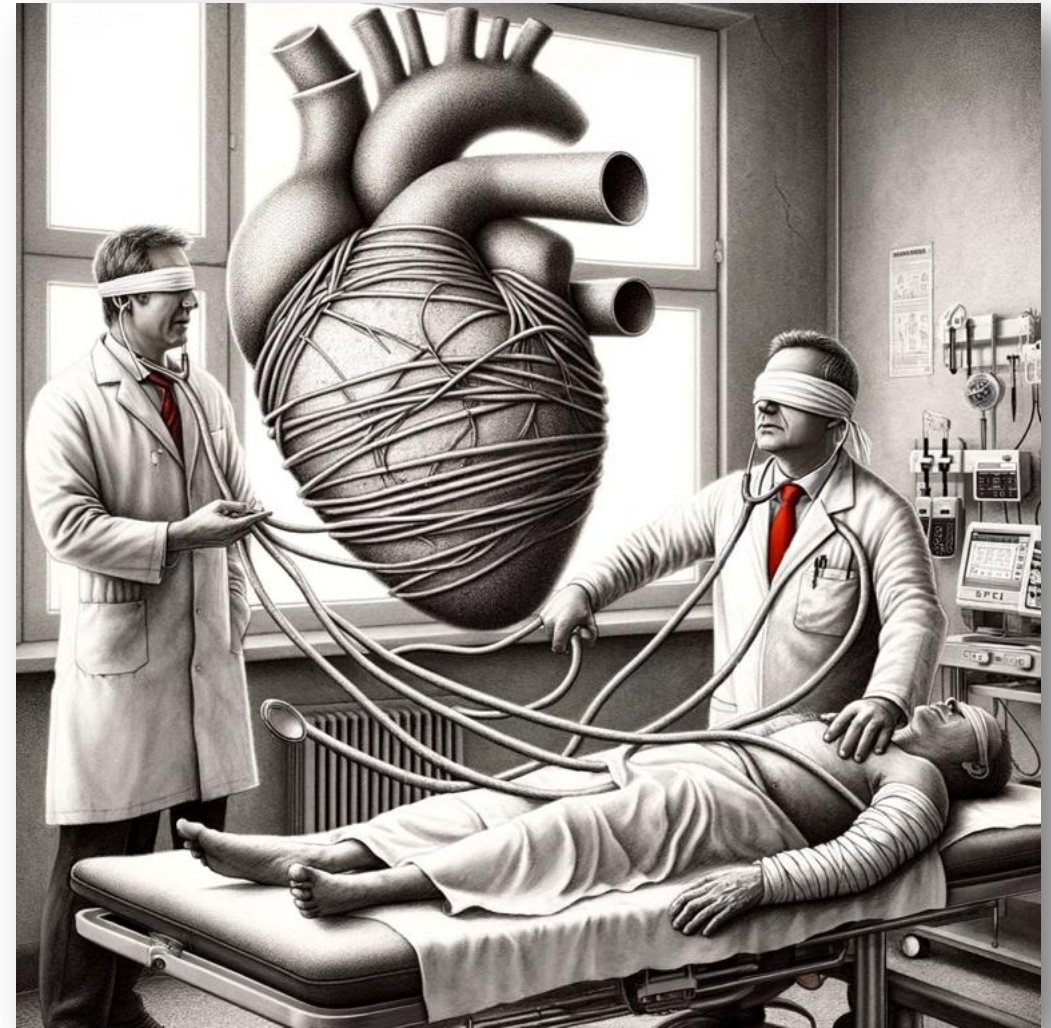




	2021	2022	2023
<b>PCI</b>	22141	22586	21990
<b>CTO</b>	766	814	780
<b>Rota</b>	190	249	246
<b>IVL</b>	x	x	267
<b>OCT</b>	485	469	420
<b>IVUS</b>	838	1233	1410
<b>DEB</b>	666	1030	1471



Turned away from it all like  
a **blind man**



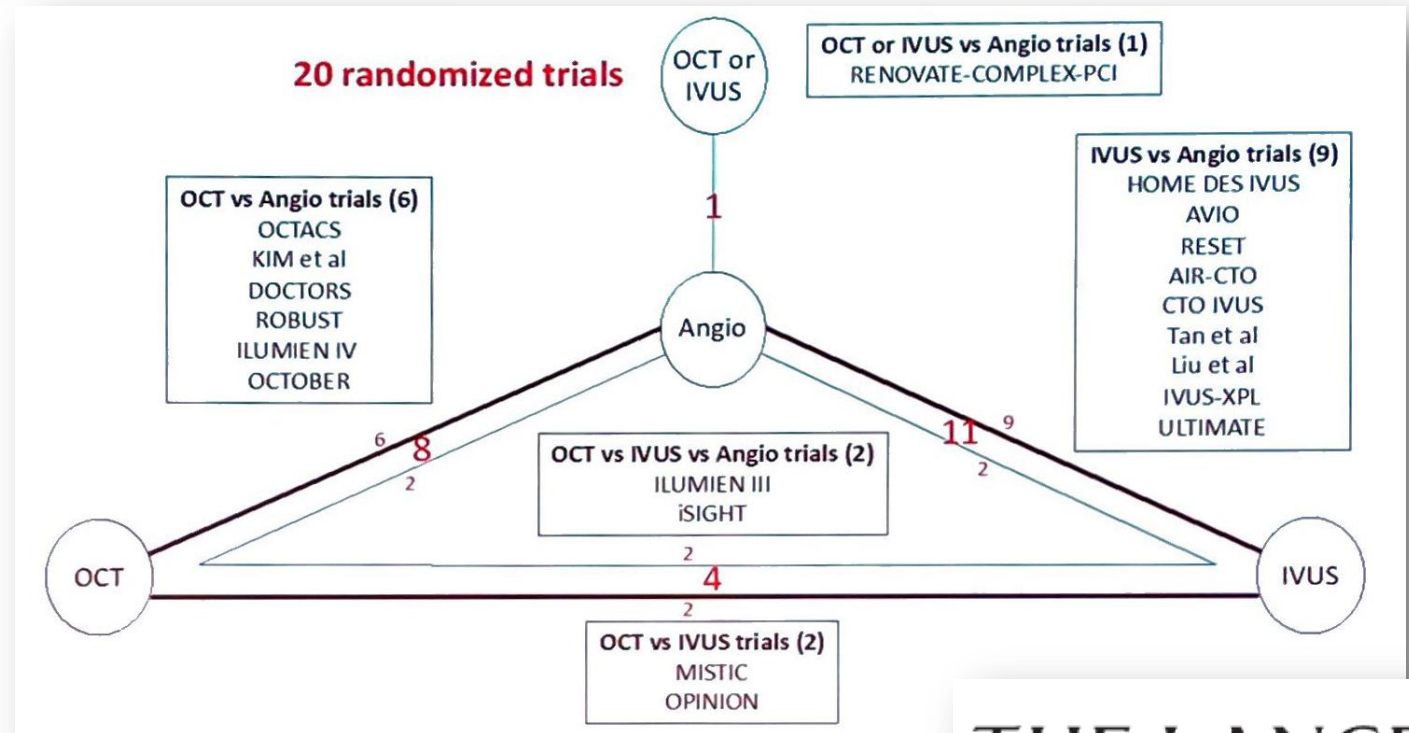
# Intravascular imaging-guided coronary drug-eluting stent implantation: an updated network meta-analysis

Prof Gregg W Stone MD <sup>a</sup>, Evald H Christiansen MD <sup>b</sup>, Prof Ziad A Ali MD DPhil <sup>c</sup>,  
 Lene N Andreasen MD <sup>b</sup>, Prof Akiko Maehara MD <sup>d e</sup>, Yousif Ahmad PhD <sup>f</sup>,  
 Prof Ulf Landmesser MD <sup>g h</sup>, Niels R Holm MD <sup>b</sup>

12,428 pacientů

IVI-vedená PCI proti angio-vedené snižuje:

- TLF 31%
  - kardiální úmrtí 46%
  - TV-MI 20%
  - TLR 29%
- trombózu stentu 52%
- všechny MI 18%
- všechna úmrtí 25%

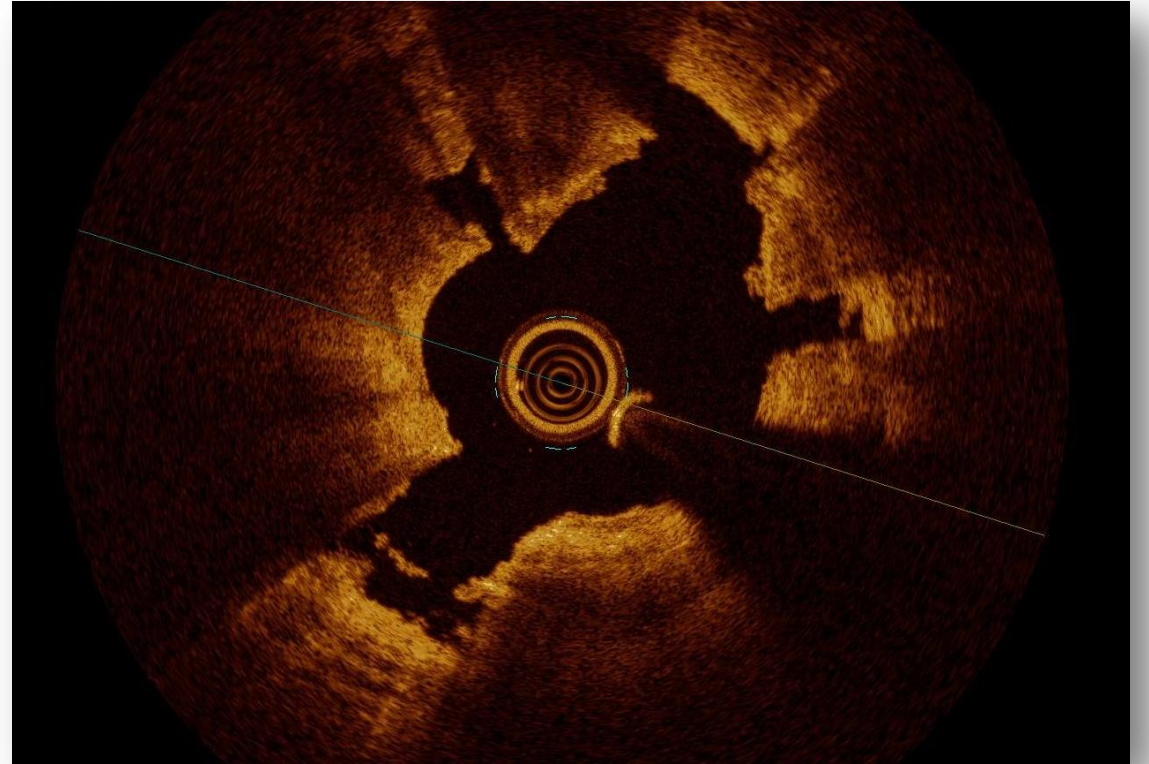


THE LANCET



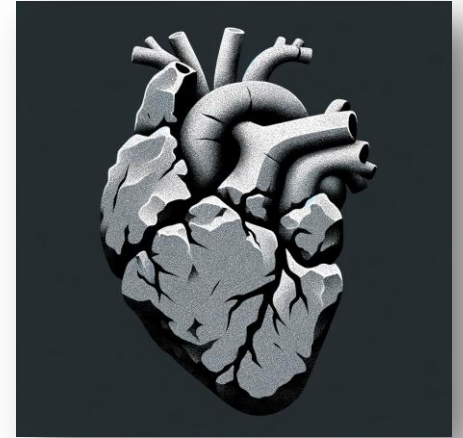


Insanity laughs  
under pressure  
we're breaking

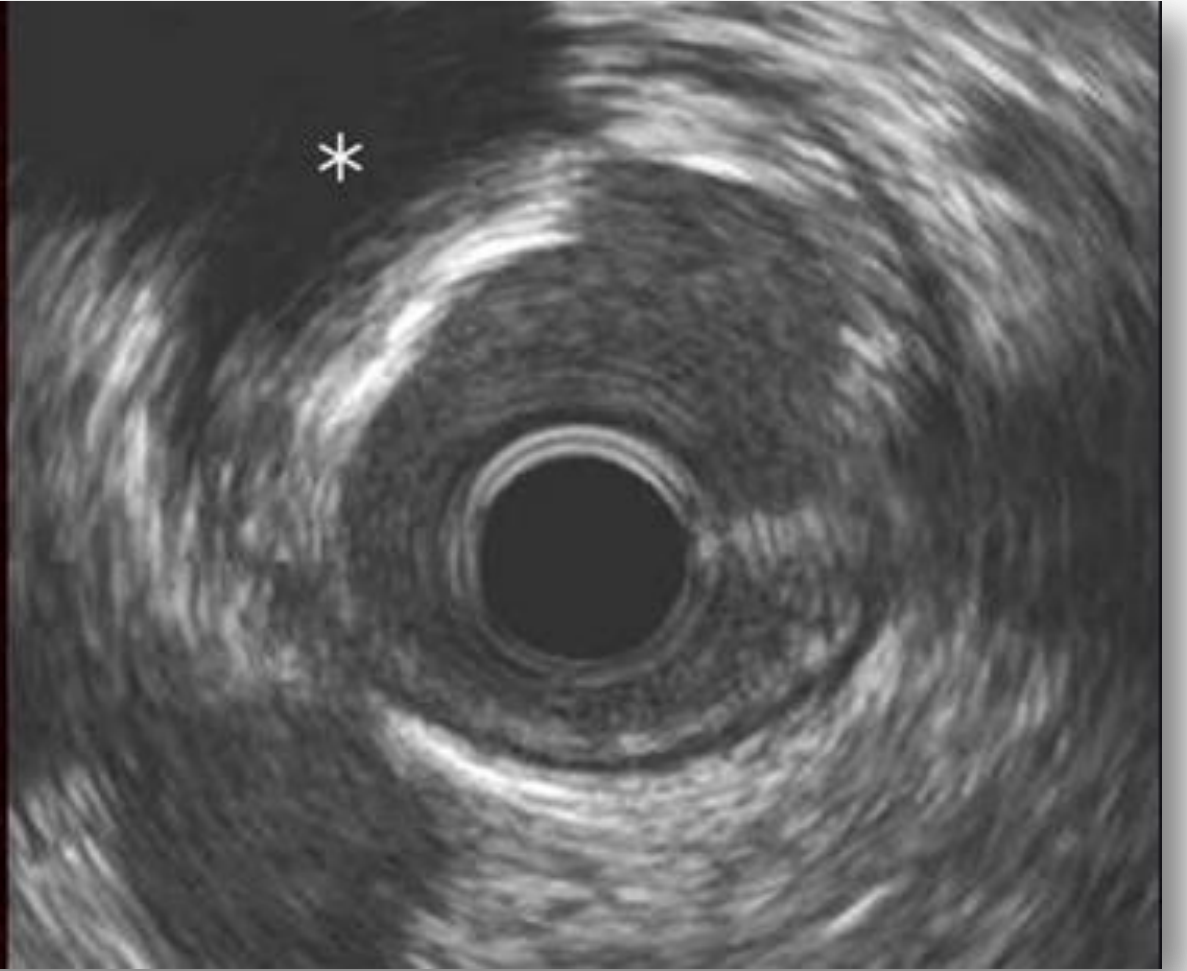
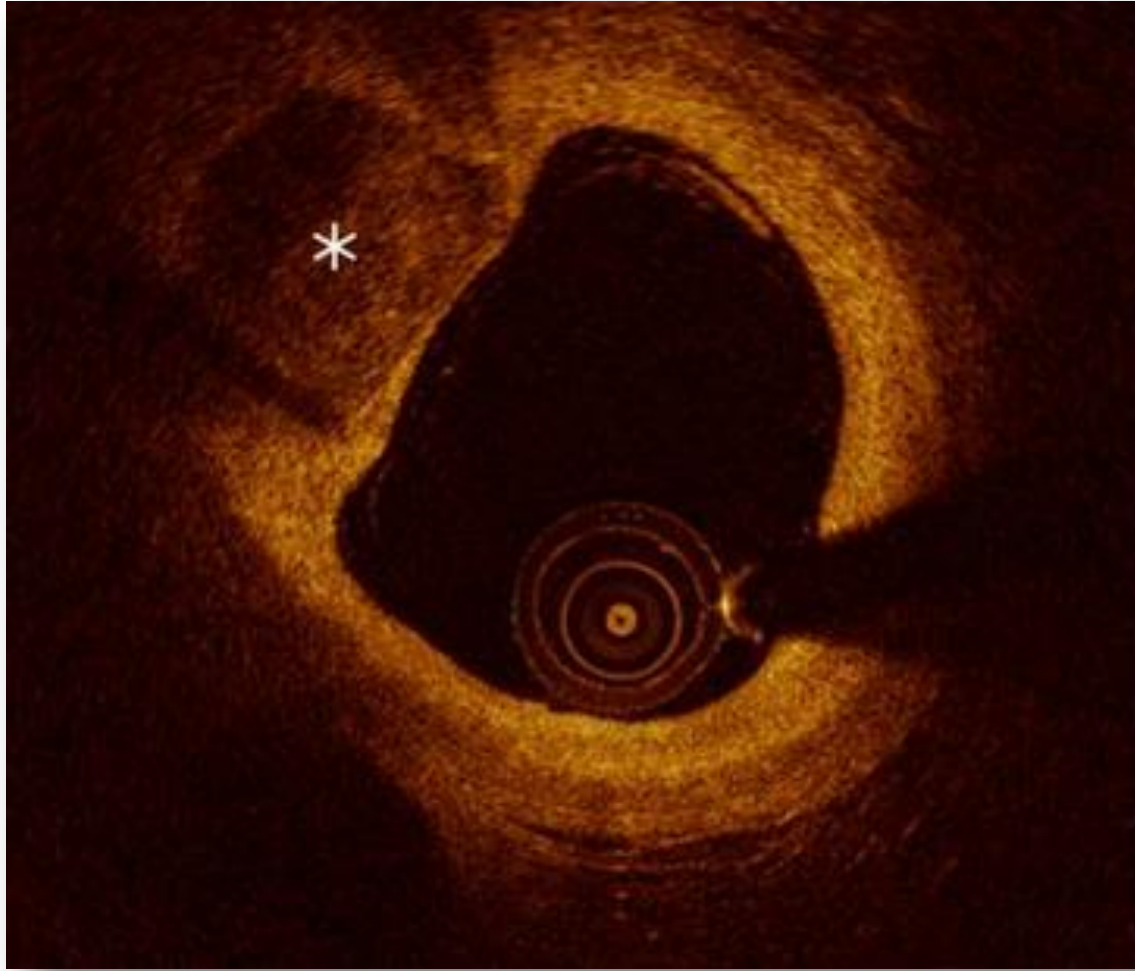


# Koronární kalcifikované léze

- přítomné u cca 1/3 PCI
- prevalence stoupá
- rizikové faktory – věk, diabetes, CKD, hypertenze, kouření, obezita, zánět
- snižuje úspěšnost PCI
  - malapozice, under-expanze → in-stent restenóza a trombóza
  - periprocedurální komplikace (edge-disekce, ruptura, ...)
- rozsah kalcifikací koreluje s výskytem MACE







# SCAI Expert Consensus Statement on the Management of Calcified Coronary Lesions

Robert F. Riley, MD, FSCAI • Mitul P. Patel, MD, FSCAI • J. Dawn Abbott, MD, FSCAI • ...

Jennifer A. Rymer, MD, FSCAI • Nadia R. Sutton, MD, FSCAI • Binita Shah, MD, MS, FSCAI

1: Maximum arc of calcium  
360° calcium

2: Calcified  
nodule

3: Calcium >270° in >5mm length

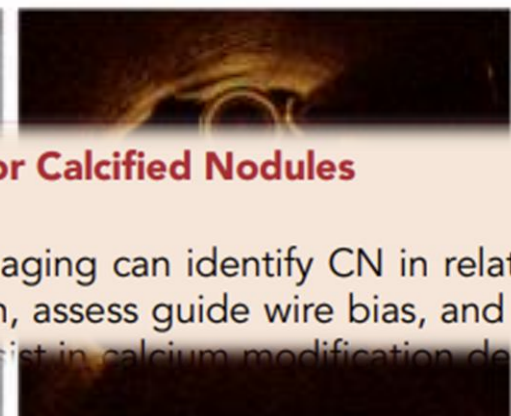
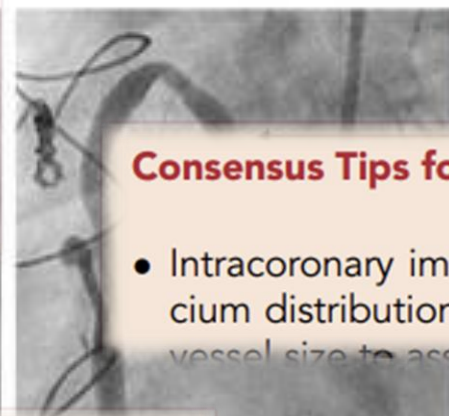
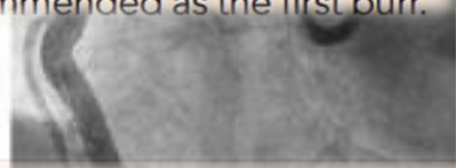
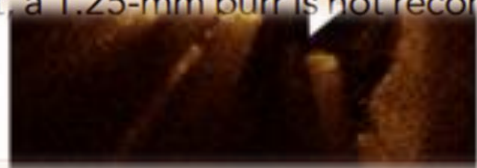
5: Minimum calcium thickness (OCT)

## Eruptive CN

## Non-eruptive CN

### Consensus Tips for Rotational Atherectomy

- The recommended burr size/artery ratio is 0.4 to 0.6. Typically, a 1.5-mm burr can be used for most arteries  $\leq 3$  mm in diameter and a 1.75-mm burr for those  $> 3$  mm. Due to increased risk of entrapment, a 1.25-mm burr is not recommended as the first burr.



### Consensus Tips for Calcified Nodules

- Intracoronary imaging can identify CN in relation to overall calcium distribution, assess guide wire bias, and provide reference vessel size to assist in calcium modification device selection.

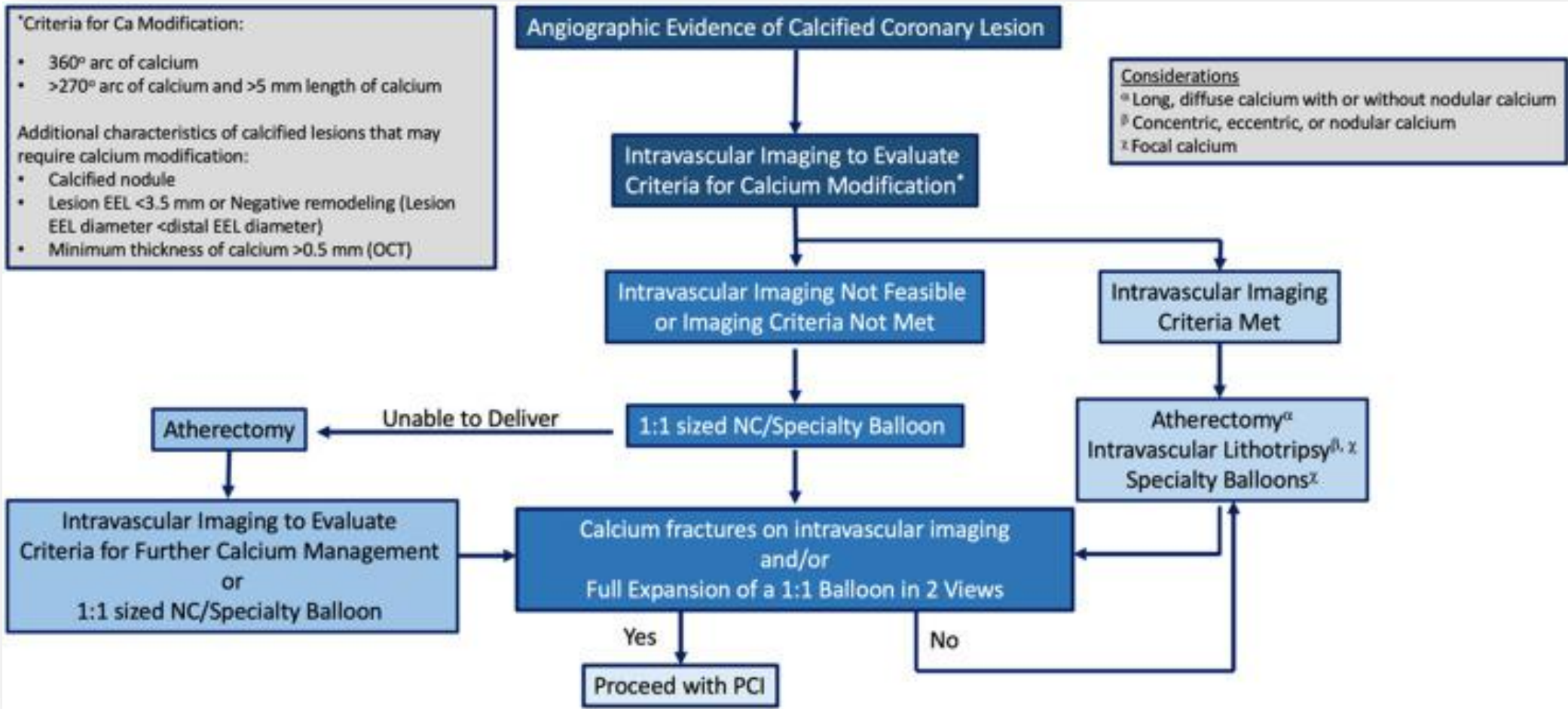
### Consensus Tips for Intravascular Lithotripsy

- IVL is best for modifying circumferential calcium in balloon-crossable lesions. Although data show effectiveness of IVL therapy in eccentric and nodular calcium, more pulse delivery may be required in these lesions.

Proximal

Distal adjacent frame with  
visible EEL diameter

Distal

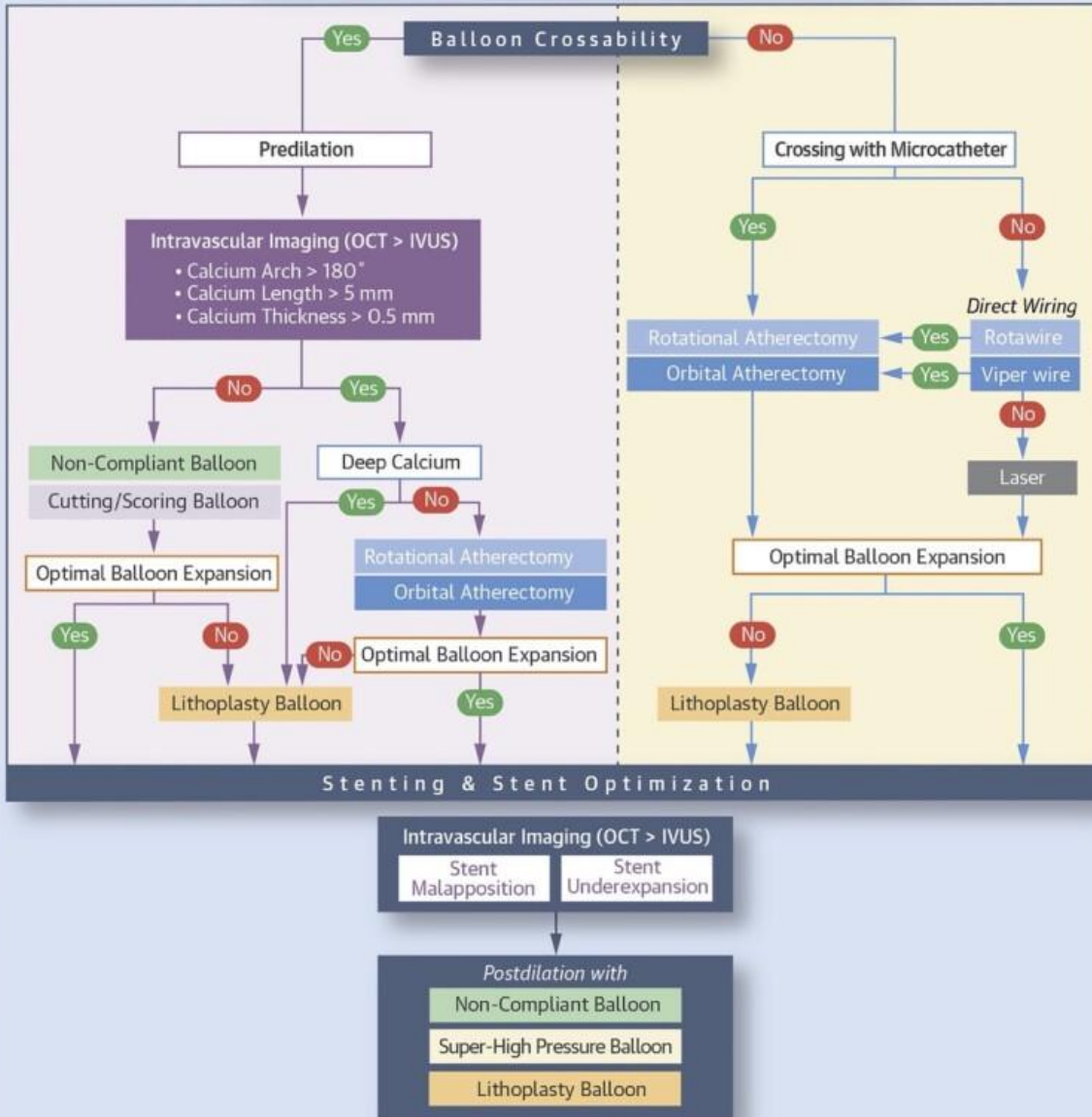


**SCAI Expert Consensus Statement on the Management of Calcified Coronary Lesions**

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 Jennifer A. Rymer, MD, FSCAI • Nadia R. Sutton, MD, FSCAI • Binita Shah, MD, MS, FSCAI



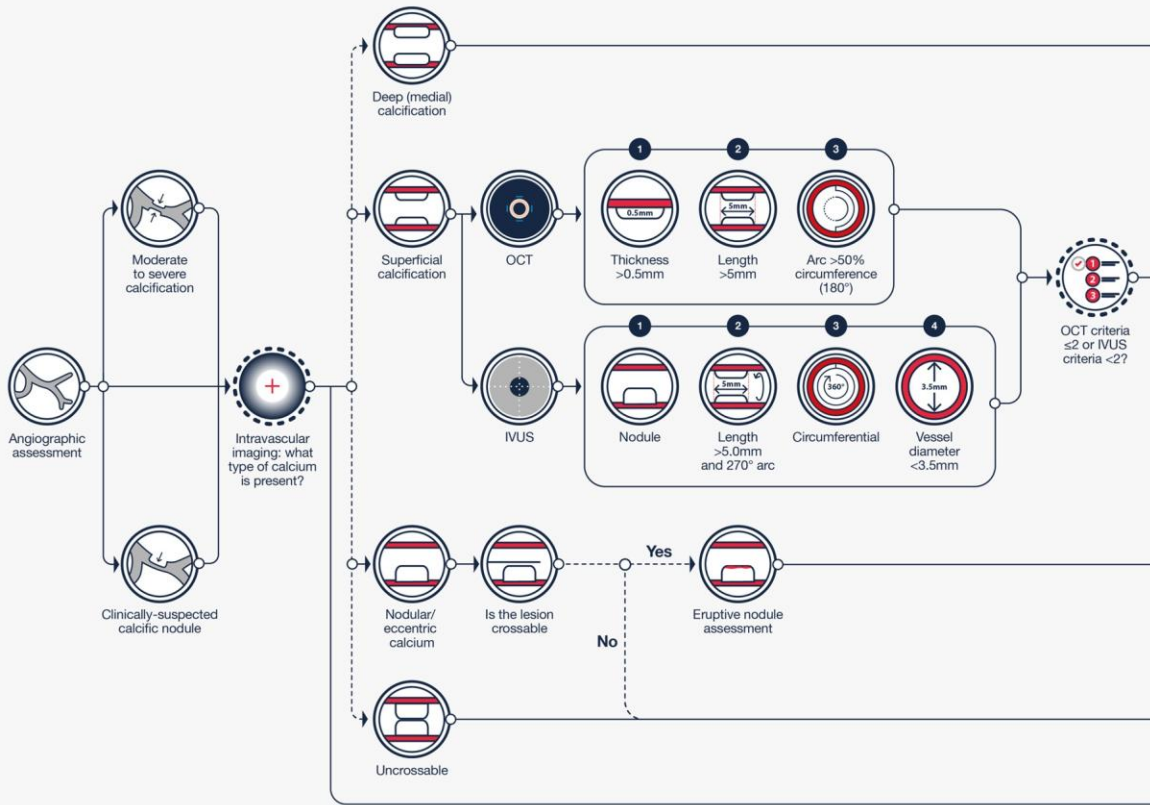
## Lesion with High Calcium Content on Coronary Angiogram



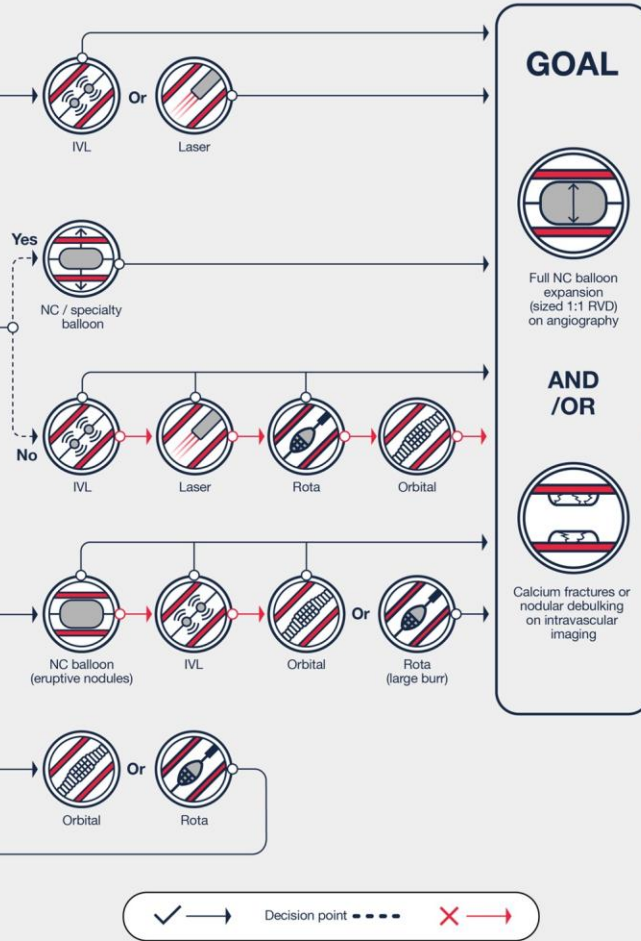
**Management of Calcific Coronary Artery Lesions: Is it Time to Change Our Interventional Therapeutic Approach?**

Giovanni Luigi De Maria<sup>1</sup>, Roberto Scarsini<sup>1</sup>, Adrian P Banning<sup>2</sup>

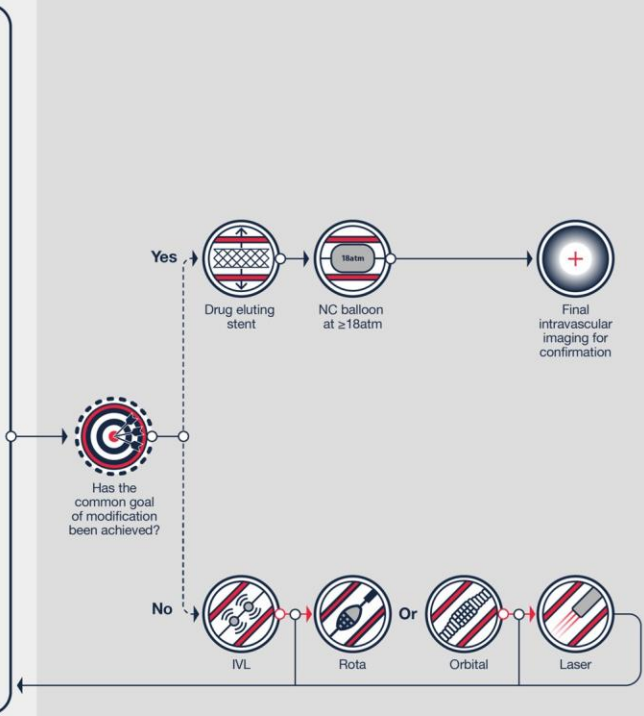
## Calcium assessment



## Lesion preparation



## PCI optimisation



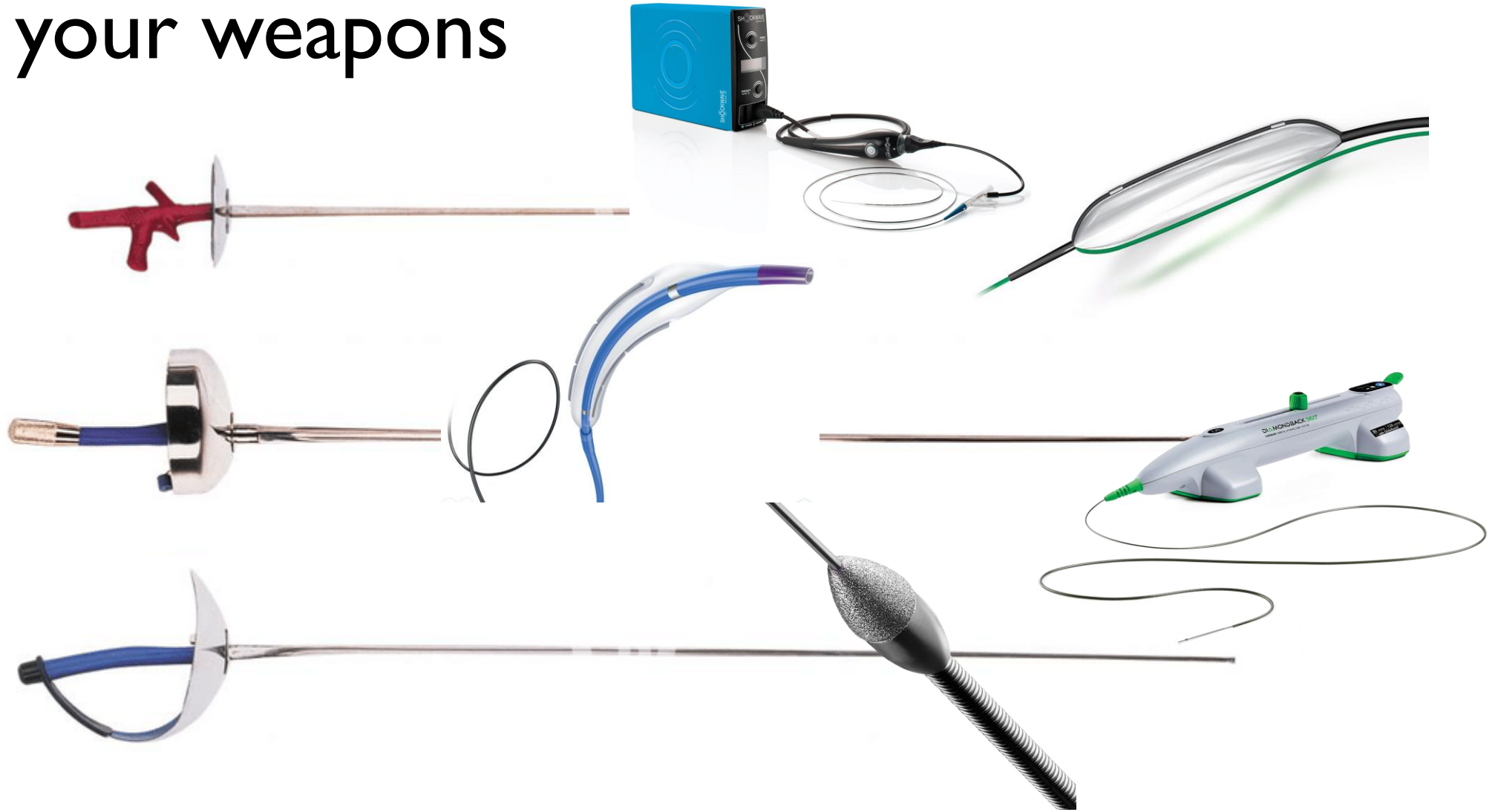
# Co mají společného?

- intravaskulární imaging (IVI)  
≥ 50% obvodu, ≥ 5mm délka, ≥ 0,5mm tloušťka, nodule
- „uncrossable“ léze vyžadují ablační techniky
- kritéria přípravy  
expanze 1:1 NC balónu a/nebo průkaz fraktury Ca/debulking nodulu na IVI

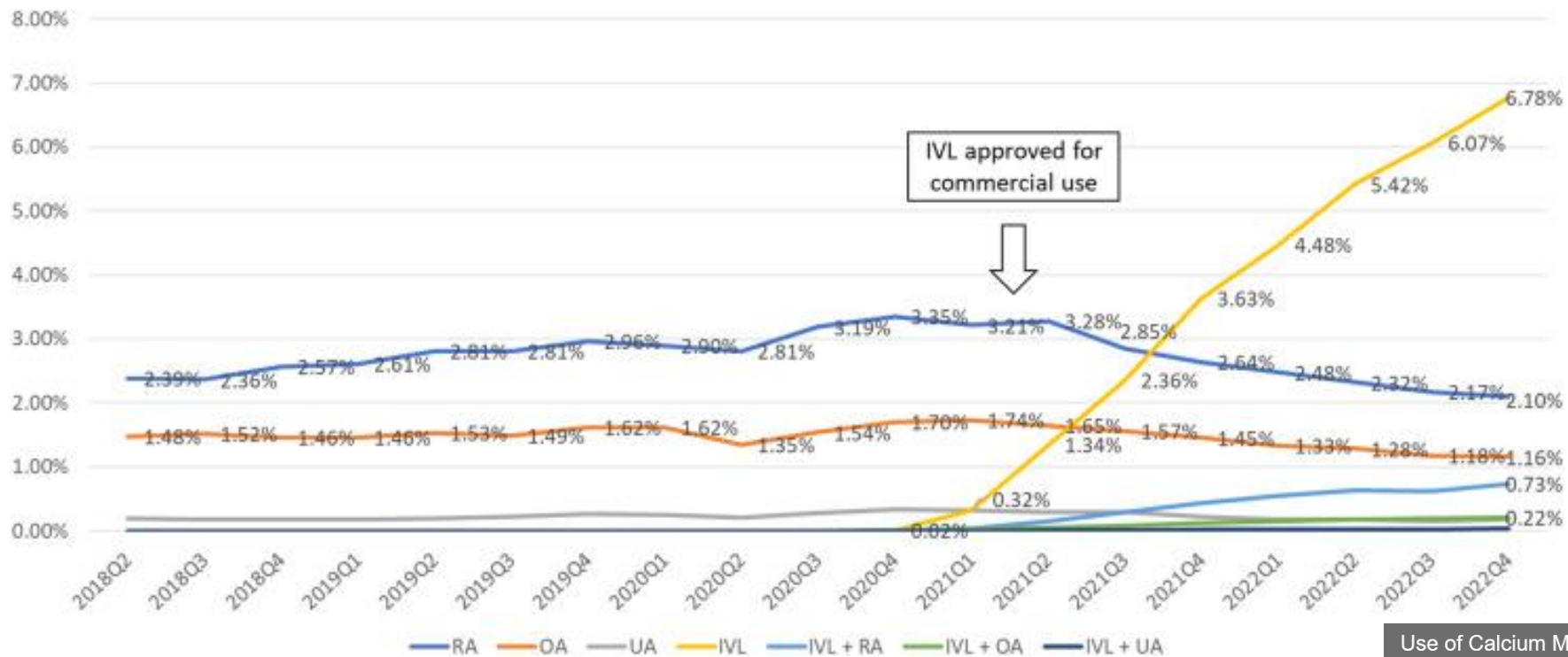




# Know your weapons



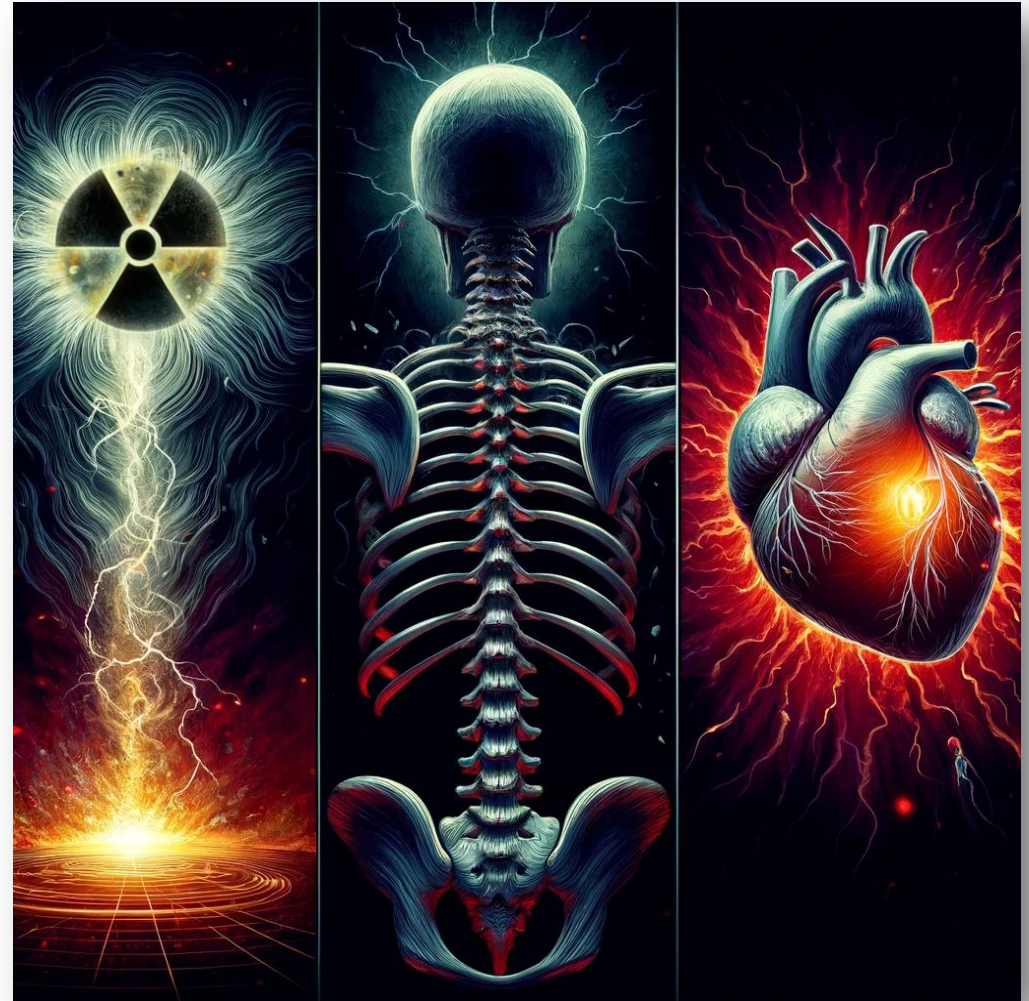
# Rotablace vs. IVL



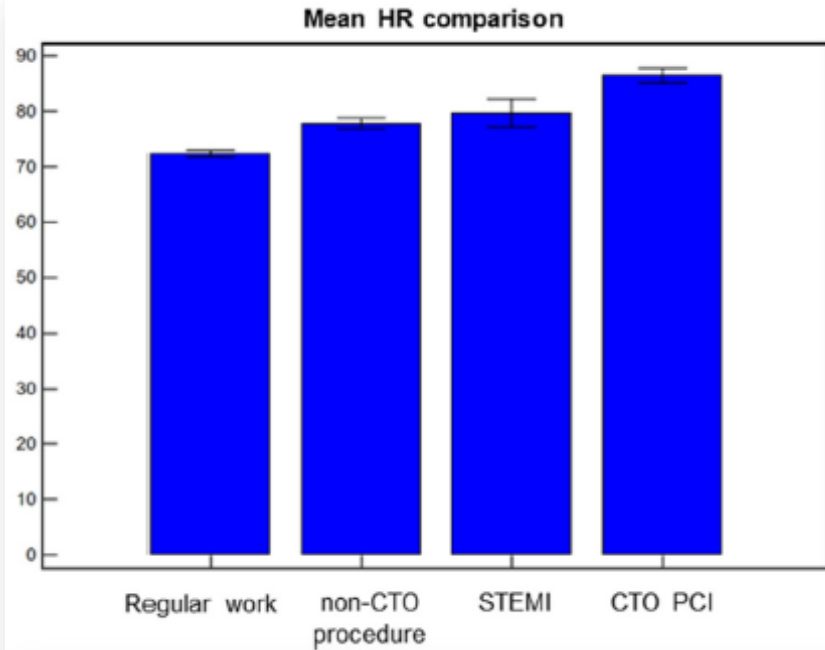
Use of Calcium Modification During Percutaneous Coronary Intervention After Introduction of Coronary Intravascular Lithotripsy

Neel M. Butala, MD, MBA • Stephen W. Waldo, MD • Eric A. Secemsky, MD, MSc • Sunil V. Rao, MD • John C. Messenger, MD • Robert W. Yeh, MD, MSc • Show all authors

**Caring**  
about ourselves  
This is our last dance  
This is ourselves  
Under pressure







## Changes in Operator's Heart Rate and Blood Pressure During Chronic Total Occlusion Percutaneous Coronary Intervention

Maksymilian P. Opolski MD [🔗](#), Umberto Barbero MD, Antoni Zyśk MD, Wojciech Skorupski MD, Vojtech Novotny MD, Mihajlo Kovacic MD, Rafał Wolny MD, Artur Dębski MD, Katarzyna Paschalis-Purtak MD, Andrzej Januszewicz MD <sup>†</sup>, Adam Witkowski MD <sup>†</sup>



## Occupational Hazard? CTO Cases Drive Up Operators' BP, Heart Rates

Interventionalists who perform complex procedures face stress that's particularly acute, with the potential for long-term harms.



“Be open to the fact that this is **taking a toll on YOU** and you need to find safe ways to voice that, and then learn how to handle it.”

# CTO & CHIP Pardubická výzva 2023

20. 11. / 21. 11. / 2023



# CTO & CHIP

23. 2. 2024  
Nemocnice AGEL Třinec-Podlesí



