

Cvičte rozumně, budete žít věčně, ale hlavně si při tom nesmíte ublížit

doc. MUDr. Vladimír Tuka, Ph.D.

Centrum kardiovaskulární rehabilitace VFN

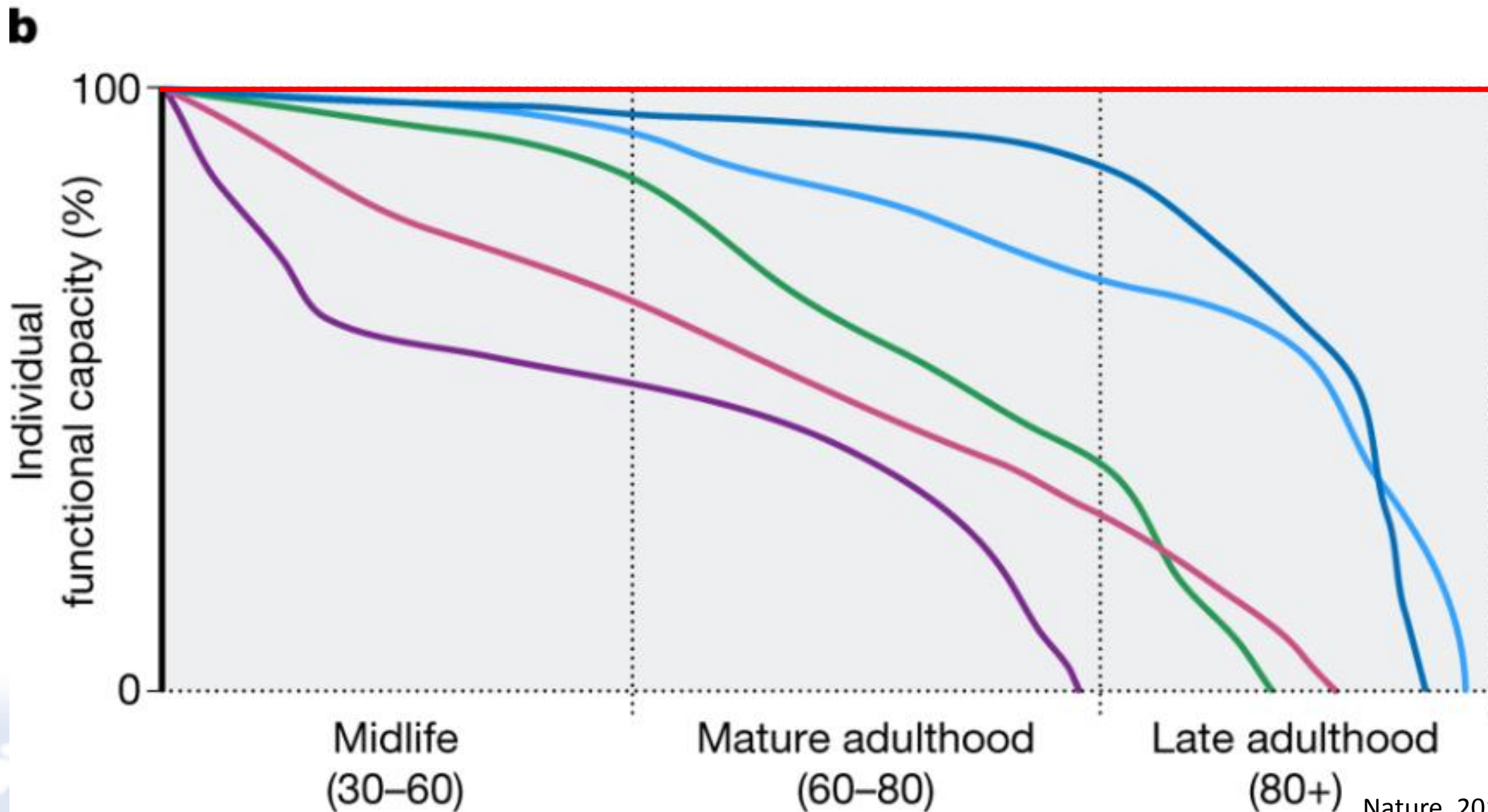
Komplexní kardiovaskulární centrum VFN a 1. Lékařská fakulta UK, Praha



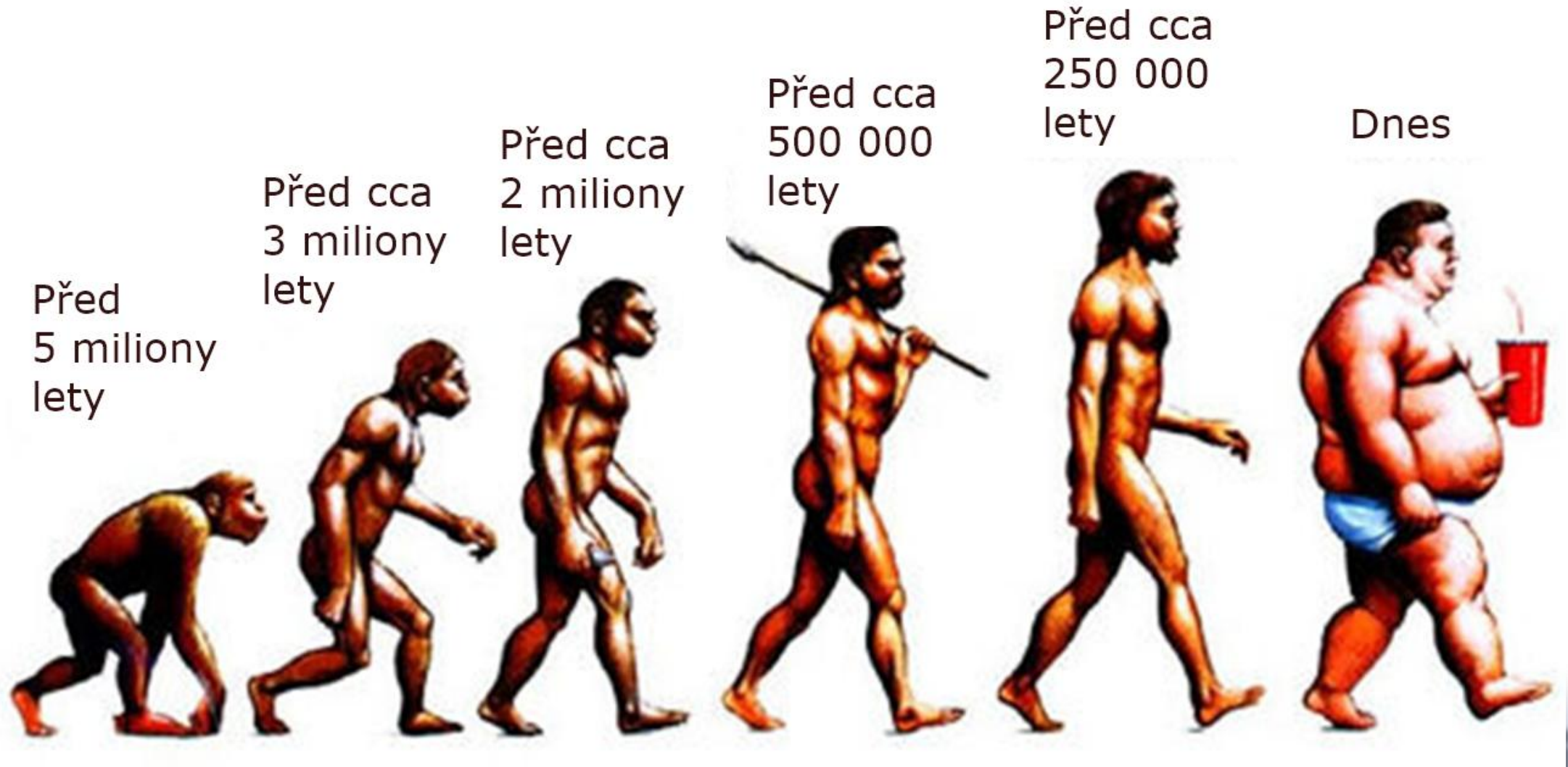
Život věčný – můžeme věřit, doufat, ...



„Kvadratura života“



Evoluce

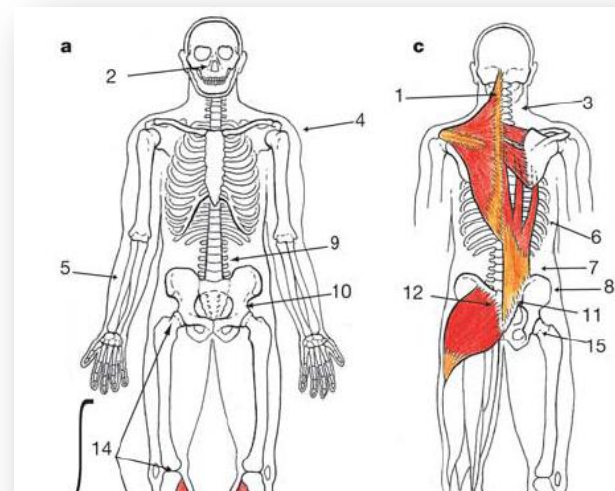


Endurance running and the evolution of *Homo*

Dennis M. Bramble¹ & Daniel E. Lieberman²

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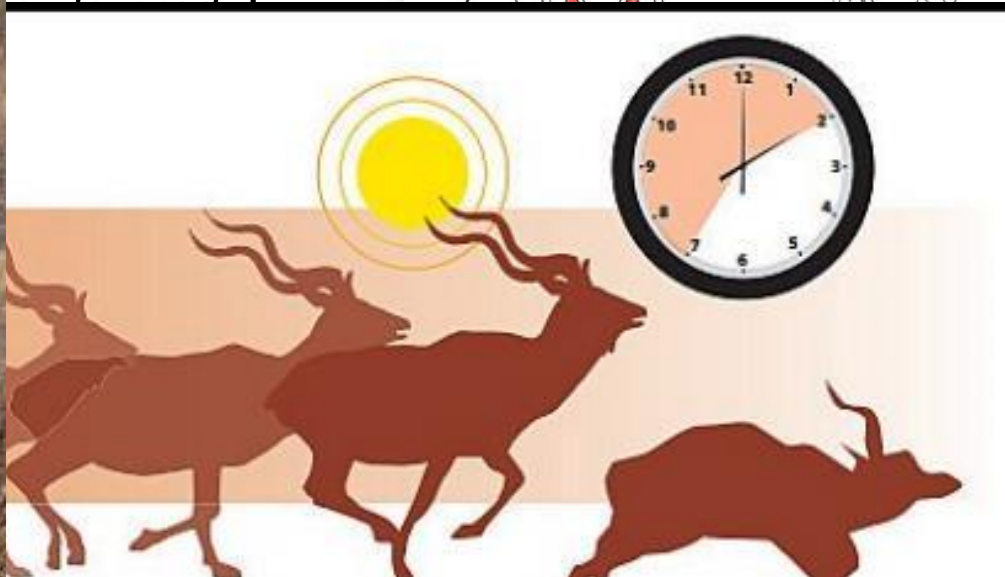
“Vzpřímená chůze je k
brzy po oddělení vývoj

objevila nejspíše
sílií ukazuje, že

Persistence hunting s



■ A group of hunters locate a herd of animals on the savannah. An antelope is singled out and isolated, often a bull with heavy horns that will burden it with extra weight during the lengthy chase.



■ Animals must stop and pant to rest and cool down. Persistence hunters keep their prey running in the sun until it collapses from heat exhaustion, often after the pursuit covers around 25 miles, about the distance of today's marathon.

- The hunt generally requires 2-7 hours of persistence running.
- Ideally, temperatures should be above 90 degrees.
- The hunt ends quietly, when the animal can no longer flee.

Zdravotní účinky pohybové aktivity

Neurologické

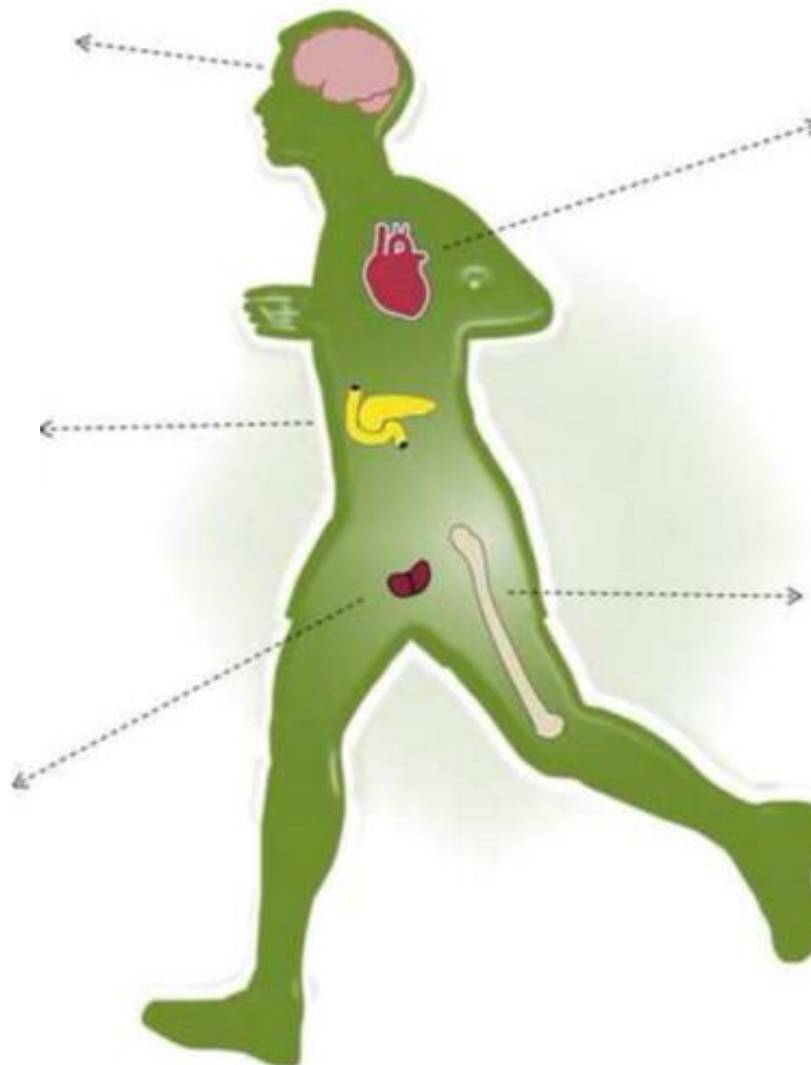
- ↓ Napětí/deprese
- ↓ Demence
- ↑ Kognitivní funkce
- ↓ CMP

Endokrínologické

- ↓ Hmotnost
- ↓ Diabetes
- ↓ LDL cholesterol
- ↑ HDL cholesterol

Onkologické

- ↓ Ca prostaty
- ↓ Ca prsu
- ↓ Ca tlustého střeva
- ↓ Hematologické malignity



Kardiovaskulární

- ↓ Mortality
- ↓ ICHS
- ↓ Krevní tlak
- ↑ Endoteliální funkci

Muskuloskeletální

- ↓ Osteoporóza
- ↓ Pády
- ↓ Nemohoucnost



Genetické riziko

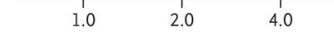
+

adherence ke
zdravému
životnímu stylu

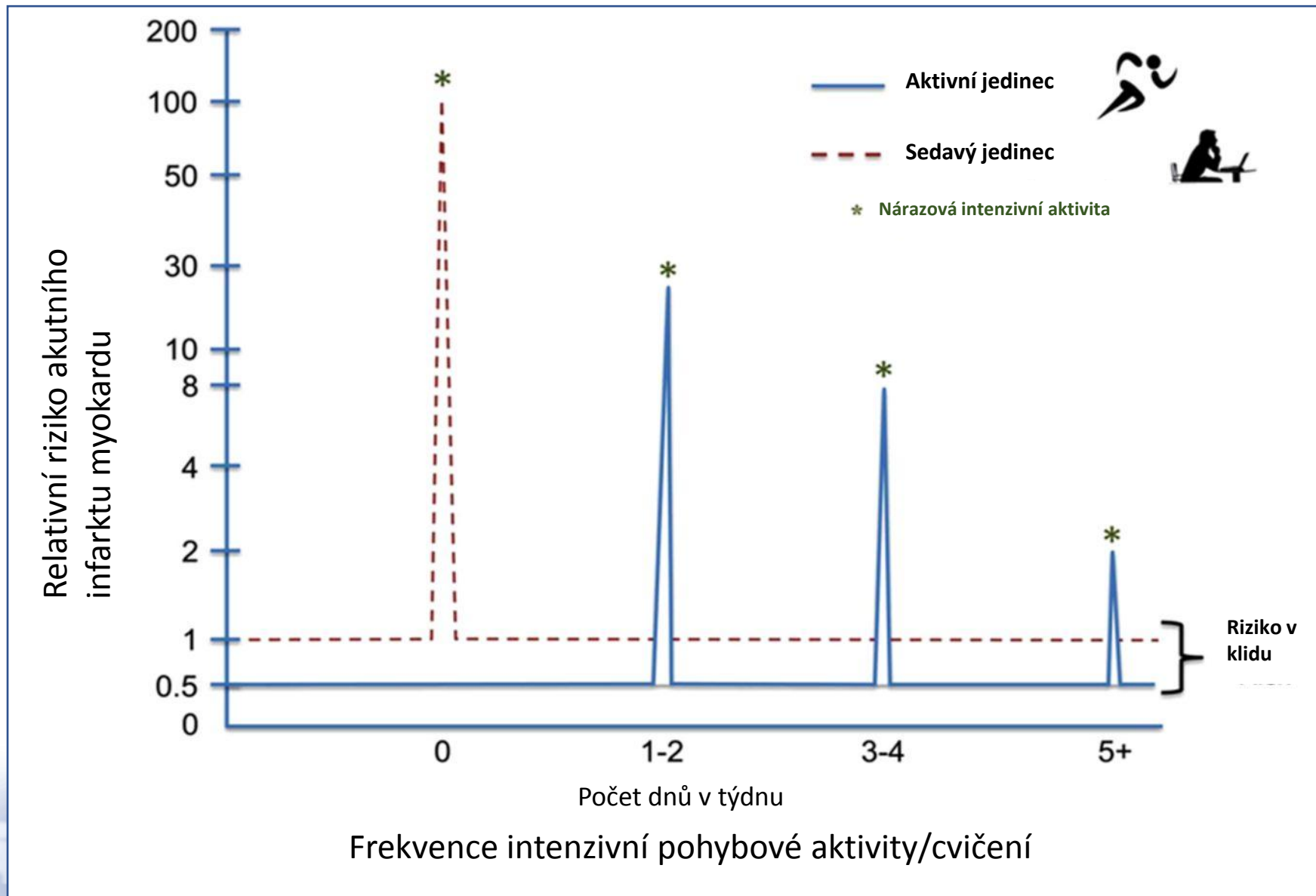
a

Riziko ischemické
choroby srdeční
(IM, PCI a NSS)

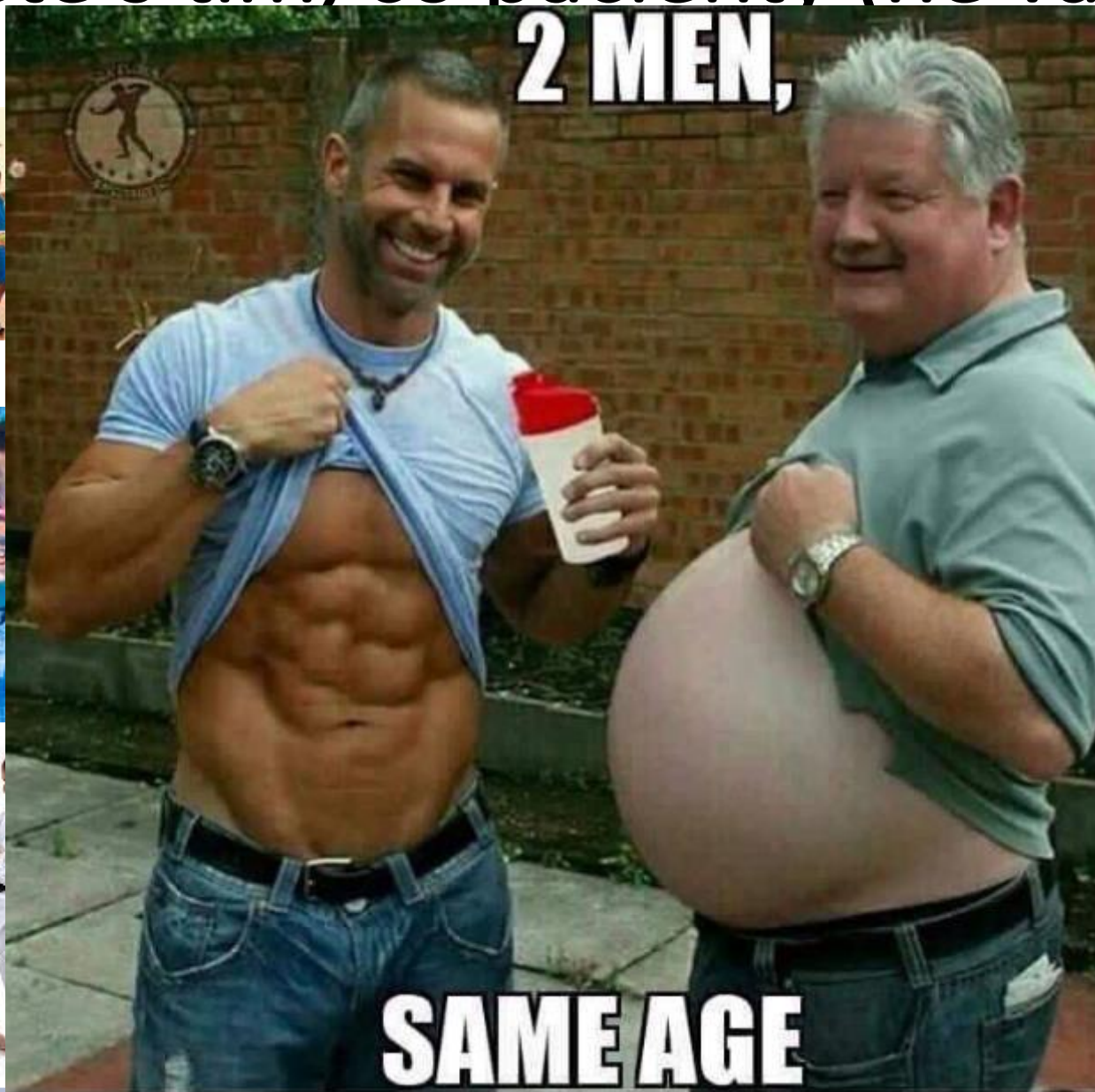
Subgroup	No. of Events/ Total No.	Incidence/ 1000 person-yr	Adjusted Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	P Value
Low genetic risk				
Favorable lifestyle				
ARIC	44/484	5.0	1.00	Reference
WGHS	61/2103	1.5	1.00	Reference
MDCS	134/1444	5.0	1.00	Reference
Combined				
Intermediate lifestyle				
ARIC	82/613	7.6	1.39 (0.97–2.01)	0.08
WGHS	52/1509	1.9	1.22 (0.84–1.76)	0.30
MDCS	179/2060	4.8	1.07 (0.85–1.33)	0.58
Combined			1.16 (0.98–1.38)	
Unfavorable lifestyle				
ARIC	74/466	9.7	1.90 (1.31–2.77)	0.001
WGHS	27/668	2.3	1.58 (1.00–2.49)	0.05
MDCS	122/974	7.3	1.86 (1.45–2.38)	<0.001
Combined			1.82 (1.51–2.19)	
Intermediate genetic risk				
Favorable lifestyle				
ARIC	203/1480	7.8	1.56 (1.12–2.16)	0.008
WGHS	219/6319	1.9	1.20 (0.90–1.59)	0.21
MDCS	488/4336	6.2	1.32 (1.09–1.60)	0.004
Combined			1.33 (1.15–1.54)	
Intermediate lifestyle				
ARIC	272/1926	8.2	1.63 (1.18–2.24)	0.003
WGHS	202/4414	2.5	1.63 (1.23–2.18)	<0.001
MDCS	710/6145	6.5	1.48 (1.23–1.78)	<0.001
Combined			1.54 (1.34–1.77)	
Unfavorable lifestyle				
ARIC	244/1282	11.7	2.39 (1.73–3.30)	<0.001
WGHS	147/1983	4.3	2.92 (2.16–3.94)	<0.001
MDCS	481/2953	9.7	2.42 (2.00–2.94)	<0.001
Combined			2.52 (2.18–2.92)	
High genetic risk				
Favorable lifestyle				
ARIC	71/495	8.2	1.65 (1.13–2.41)	0.009
WGHS	103/2094	2.6	1.74 (1.27–2.39)	<0.001
MDCS	248/1430	9.7	2.07 (1.68–2.55)	<0.001
Combined			1.90 (1.62–2.23)	
Intermediate lifestyle				
ARIC	124/623	11.8	2.41 (1.71–3.40)	<0.001
WGHS	92/1462	3.4	2.26 (1.63–3.12)	<0.001
MDCS	333/2029	9.4	2.18 (1.79–2.67)	<0.001
Combined			2.24 (1.93–2.61)	
Unfavorable lifestyle				
ARIC	116/445	17.0	3.59 (2.53–5.09)	<0.001
WGHS	68/670	5.8	4.02 (2.84–5.69)	<0.001
MDCS	207/1018	12.5	3.28 (2.64–4.08)	<0.001
Combined			3.50 (2.97–4.12)	



Riziko nárazové intenzivní aktivity

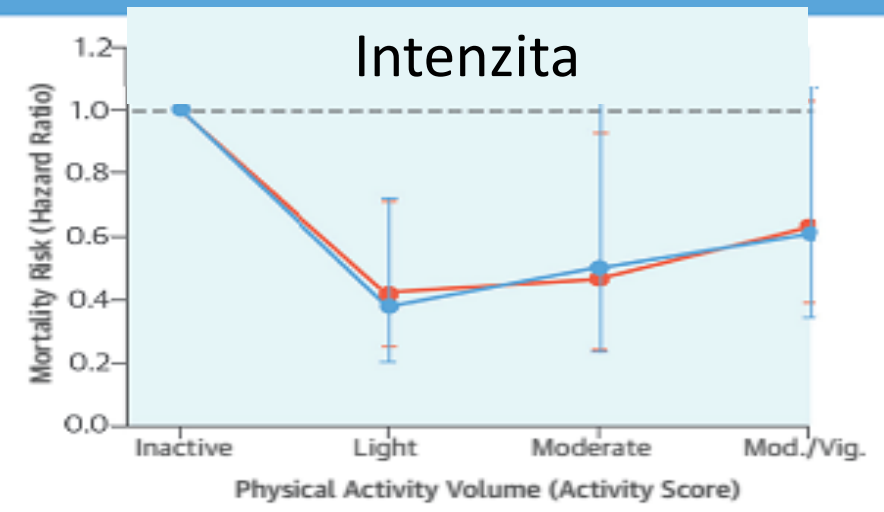
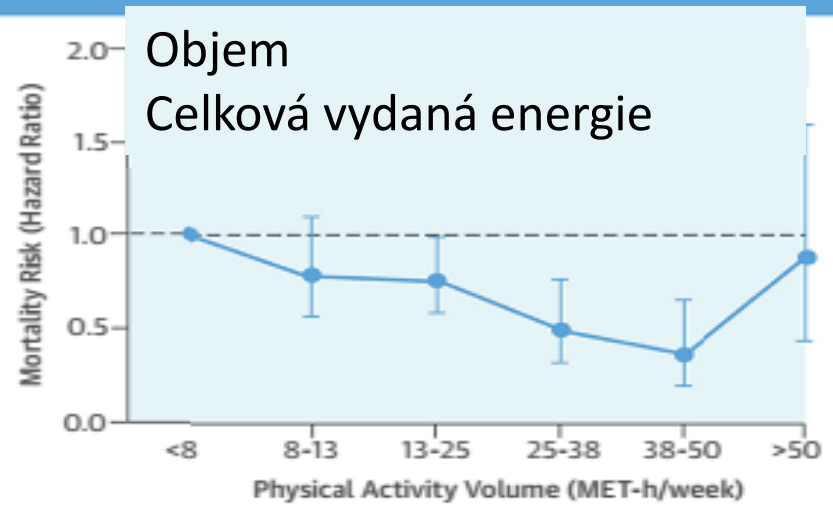


Začněte s tím, co pacienty (ne vás) baví

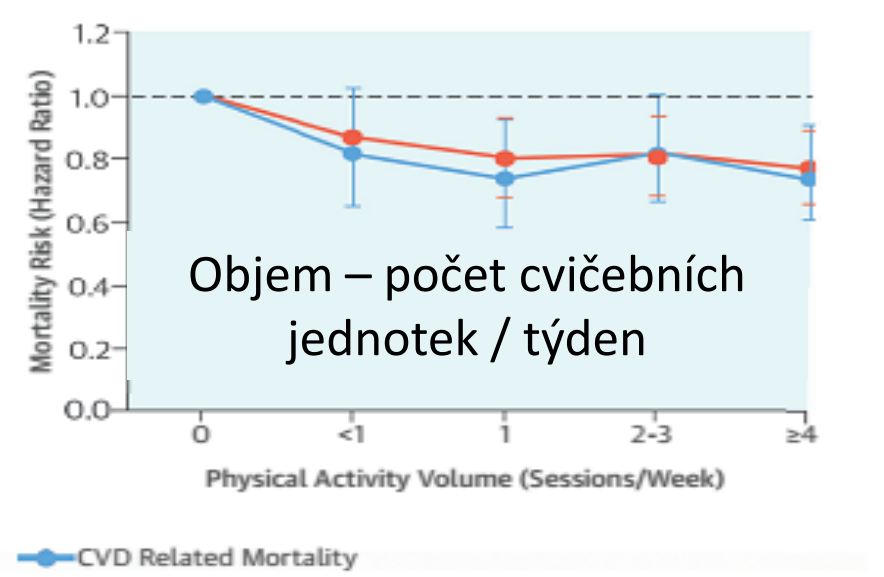
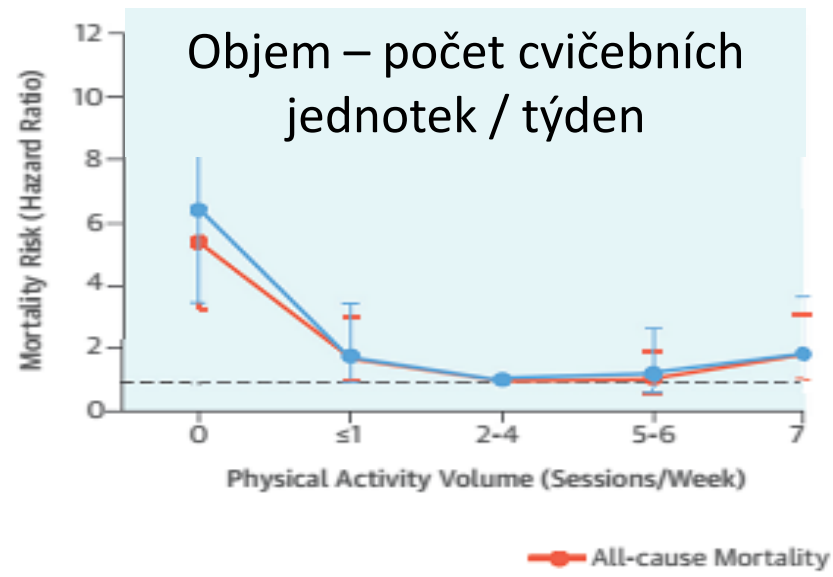


CO JE DŮLEŽITÉ – V PRESKRIPCI POHYBU?

A. Williams et al. B. Wannamethee et al.

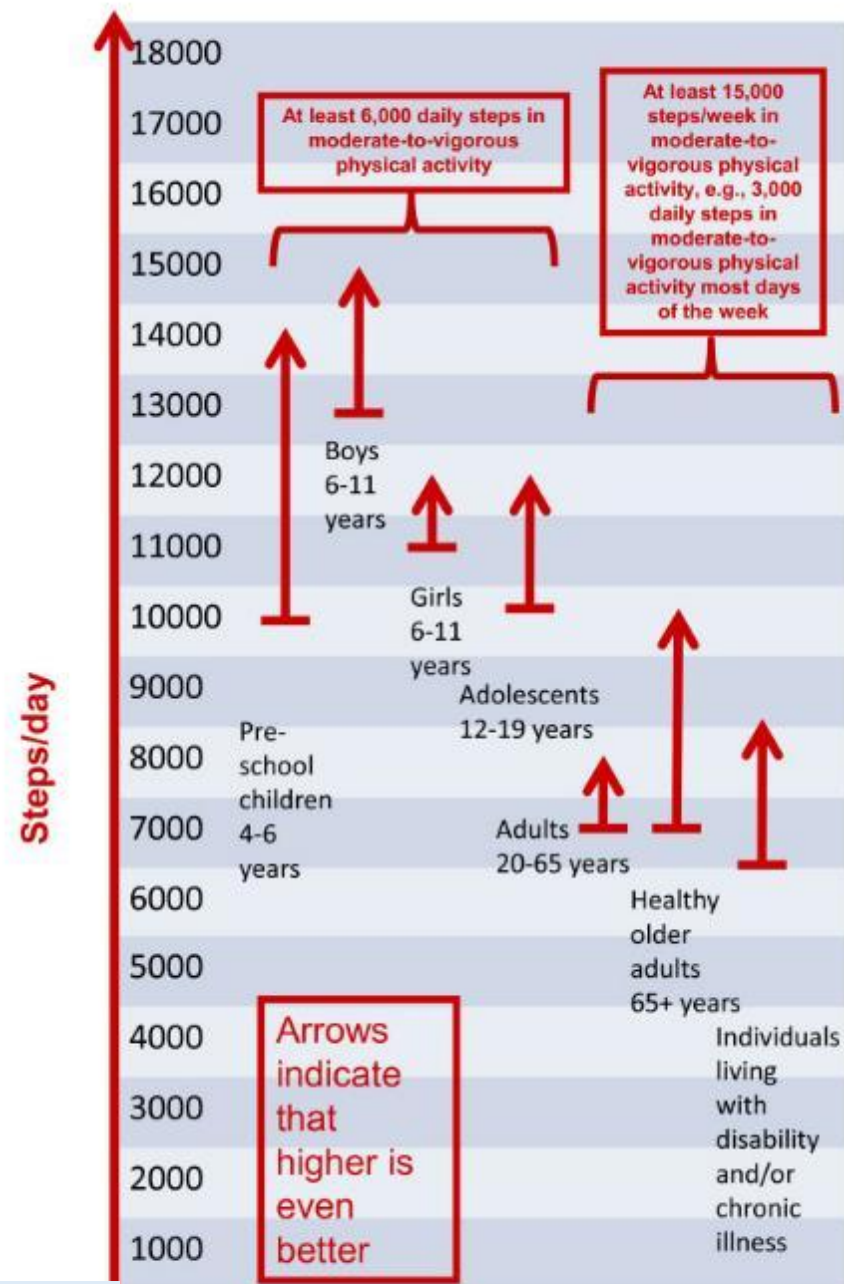


C. Mons et al. D. Moholdt et al.



Pohyb v primární/sekundár

± 10.000 kroků denně (nebo 6000 kroků nebo > 700



Additional benefits can come from adding in vigorous intensity activity
Tudor-Locke C. et al (2011) *Int J Behav Nutr Phys Act.*

„Start low, go slowly, aim high and stay high.“

UNOŘ

1	10950		26.2	10409
2	16540		24.2	12442
3	8784	(10cm)	24.2	4044
4	10280	-11-		
5	11449			
6	6530			
7	6000			
8	9904			
9	6000			
10	7276			
11	13404			
12	10429			
13	10208			
14	14595			
15	11505			
16	4250			
17	8454			
18	12848			
19	10419			
20	11232			
21	7250			
22	10666			
23	13293			

BŘEZEN 19

1	1.3	6000
2	2.3	10128
3	3-3	11904
4	4	4993
5	5	7720
6	6	13180
7	7	9848
8	8	6000
9	9	9524
10	10	6000
11	11	9795
12	12	16002
13	13	6715
14	14	9796
15	15	8255

NOVÉ HRADY

22	22	6000
23	23	8411
24	24	8000
25	25	12032
26	26	8944
27	27	12301
28	28	11556
29	29	14034
	30.3.	12222

Deník kroků – příklad

2016 European Guidelines on cardiovascular disease prevention in clinical practice

The Sixth Joint Task Force of the European Society of Cardiology and Other Societies on Cardiovascular Disease Prevention in Clinical Practice (constituted by representatives of 10 societies and by invited experts)

Developed with the special contribution of the European Association for Cardiovascular Prevention & Rehabilitation (EACPR)

Recommendations for physical activity

Recommendations	Class ^a	Level ^b	Ref ^c
It is recommended for healthy adults of all ages to perform at least 150 minutes a week of moderate intensity or 75 minutes a week of vigorous intensity aerobic PA or an equivalent combination thereof.	I	A	258–261
For additional benefits in healthy adults, a gradual increase in aerobic PA to 300 minutes a week of moderate intensity, or 150 minutes a week of vigorous intensity aerobic PA, or an equivalent combination thereof is recommended.	I	A	259, 260
Regular assessment and counselling on PA is recommended to promote the engagement and, if necessary, to support an increase in PA volume over time. ^d	I	B	262–264
PA is recommended in low-risk individuals without further assessment.	I	C	265, 266
Multiple sessions of PA should be considered, each lasting ≥10 minutes and evenly spread throughout the week, i.e. on 4–5 days a week and preferably every day of the week.	IIa	B	267, 268
Clinical evaluation, including exercise testing, should be considered for sedentary people with CV risk factors who intend to engage in vigorous PAs or sports.	IIa	C	265



Fyzická aktivita – klasifikace dle intenzity

Intensity	Cardiorespiratory Endurance Exercise											Resistance Exercise
	Relative Intensity				Intensity (% $\dot{V}O_{2max}$) Relative to Maximal Exercise Capacity in METs			Absolute Intensity	Absolute Intensity (MET) by Age			Relative Intensity
	%HRR or % $\dot{V}O_2R$	%HR _{max}	% $\dot{V}O_{2max}$	Perceived Exertion (Rating on 6–20 RPE Scale)	20 METs % $\dot{V}O_{2max}$	10 METs % $\dot{V}O_{2max}$	5 METs % $\dot{V}O_{2max}$	METs	Young (20–39 yr)	Middle-aged (40–64 yr)	Older (≥65 yr)	% 1RM
Very light	<30	<57	<37	<Very light (RPE < 9)	<34	<37	<44	<2	<2.4	<2.0	<1.6	<30
Light	30–39	57–63	37–45	Very light–fairly light (RPE 9–11)	34–42	37–45	44–51	2.0–2.9	2.4–4.7	2.0–3.9	1.6–3.1	30–49
Moderate	40–59	64–76	46–63	Fairly light to somewhat hard (RPE 12–13)	43–61	46–63	52–67	3.0 to 5.9	4.8–7.1	4.0–5.9	3.2–4.7	50–69
Vigorous	60–89	77–95	64–90	Somewhat hard to very hard (RPE 14–17)	62–90	64–90	68–91	6.0–8.7	7.2–10.1	6.0–8.4	4.8–6.7	70–84
Near–maximal to maximal	≥90	≥96	≥91	≥Very hard (RPE ≥ 18)	≥91	≥91	≥92	≥8.8	≥10.2	≥8.5	≥6.8	≥85

Table adapted from the American College of Sports Medicine (14), Howley (173), Swain and Franklin (344), Swain and Leutholtz (346), Swain et al. (347), and the US Department of Health and Human Services (370).
 HR_{max}, maximal HR; %HR_{max}, percent of maximal HR; HRR, HR reserve; $\dot{V}O_{2max}$, maximal oxygen uptake; % $\dot{V}O_{2max}$, percent of maximal oxygen uptake; $\dot{V}O_2R$, oxygen uptake reserve; RPE, ratings of perceived exertion (48).

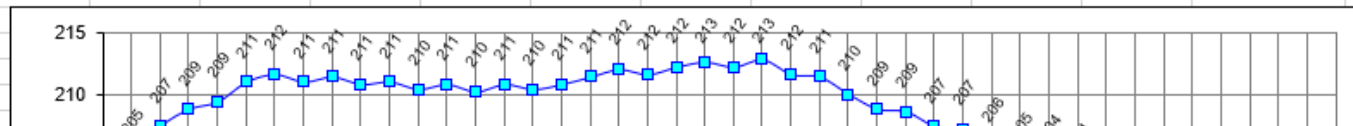
- Test mluvení
 - Nízká intenzita – zpěv
 - Střední intenzita – jedna krátká souvislá věta
 - Vysoká intenzita – sotva 1-2 slova



Maximální (vrcholová) srdeční frekvence

Maximal heart rate in graded exercise on cycle ergometer in men of age 12-55 (min^{-1})

age	HRmax (min^{-1})	SD
12	188	7,7
13	190	7,4
14	193	7,2
15	195	6,9
16	195	7,2
17	196	7,5
18	196	7,8

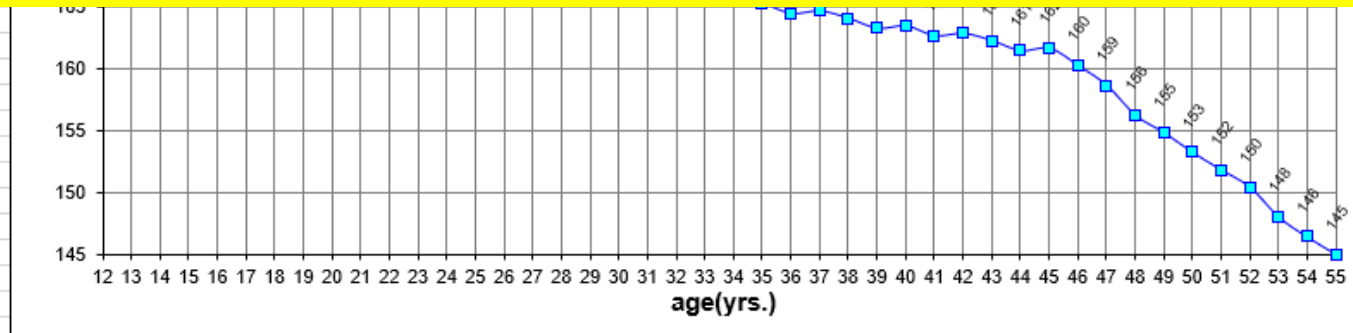


Jedině maximální tepová frekvence použitelná k preskripci pohybové aktivity:

Změřená!!!

CAVE: Beta-blokátory / verapamil / diltiazem

39	186	11,4
40	186	11,3
41	185	11,2
42	185	11,1
43	184	10,9
44	183	10,8
45	183	10,7
46	182	10,9
47	181	11,2
48	179	11,4
49	178	11,6
50	177	11,9
51	176	12,1
52	175	12,3
53	173	12,5
54	172	12,8
55	171	13



Dynamická aerobní zátěž

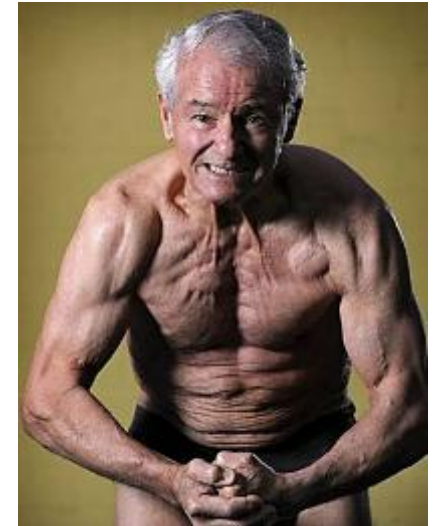
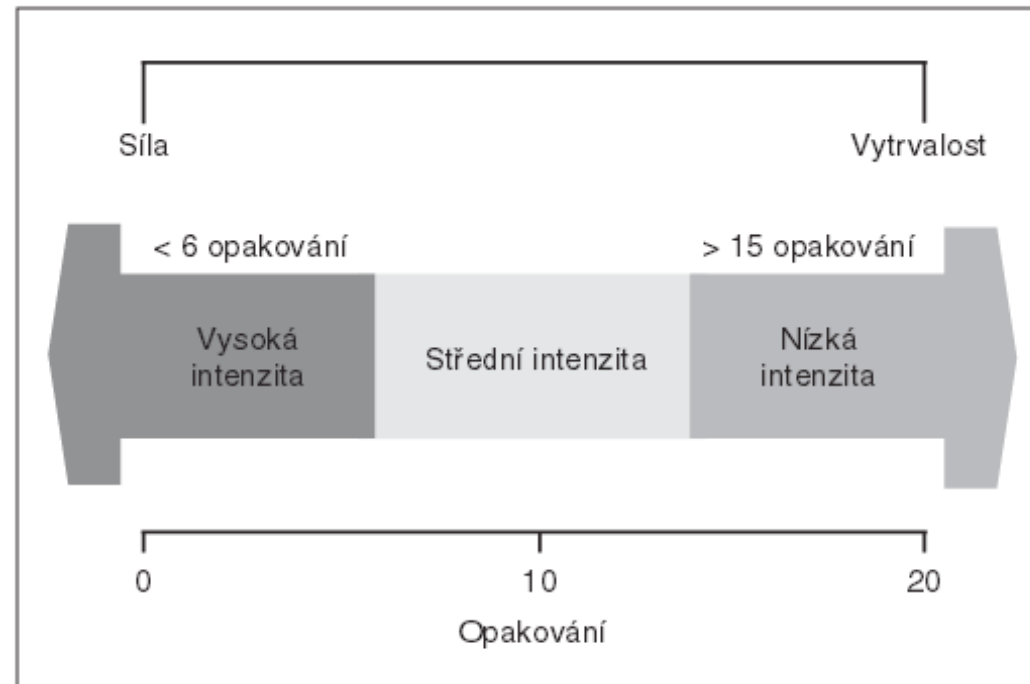
- Cíl – předepsat takovou zátěž, aby umožnila delší cvičení bez omezující únavy
 - 50-70% VO_{2max} , HRR_{max} (resp. 40% u pacientů se srdečním selháním NYHA III/IV)
 - Ventilační prahy
 - Borgova škála 12 – 14
 - 65-85% Hr_{max} (změřené 😊)

Bodové hodnocení (RPE)	Subjektivní vyjádření
6	
7	velmi velmi lehké
8	
9	velmi lehké
10	
11	docela lehké
12	
13	poněkud těžší
14	
15	těžké
16	
17	velmi těžké
18	
19	velmi velmi těžké
20	





Odporový trénink („posilování“)

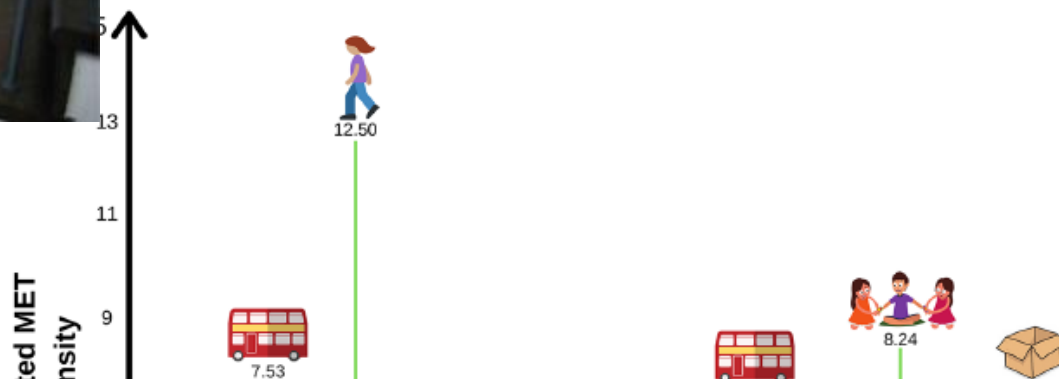
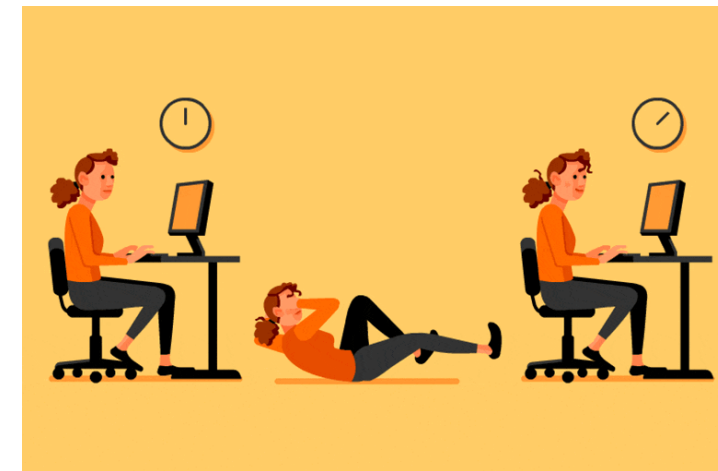


- ⇒ **Nižší počet opakování a těžší zátěž zvyšují sílu**
- ⇒ **Vyšší počet opakování s nižší zátěží zlepšují vytrvalost**
- ⇒ **Zátěž umožňující 8-15 opakování zlepšuje i sílu i vytrvalost**

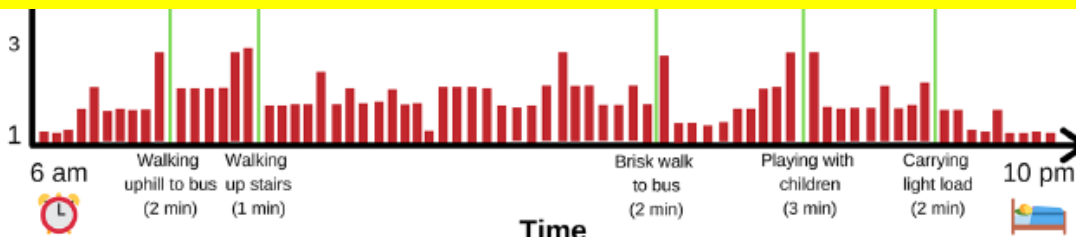




Exercise snacks – „Pohybové svačinky“



KPSP – každý pohyb se počítá!!





*„Kdo si neudělá čas na cvičení,
si možná bude muset udělat čas na to být nemocný.“*

The Earl of Derby (1863)



Děkuji za pozornost
Dotazy vítány

